

# The Brandon Mail.

VOL 5.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 9, 1888.

No. 28.

## LEGAL.

**HENDERSON & HENDERSON,**  
Barren, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc.  
Roser Avenue, Brandon.  
Money to loan on improved farm property.  
F. G. A. Henderson, H. E. Henderson.

## MEDICAL.

**DR. SPENCER,**  
(M. D., C. M., Univ. McGill, Montreal.)  
Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Quebec and Manitoba.  
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,  
TENTH ST., NEXT THE SCHOOL HOUSE,  
BRANDON.

**DR. L. M. MORE,**  
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHÉ  
Gold Medalist Trinity University, Toronto, M.C.P.  
and Ontario and Manitoba.  
Office and Residence, Corner & Ste. St. Block,  
Cor. 9th and Rosser Avenues.

## DENTAL.

**F. E. DOERING,**  
DENTIST,  
Gas for Painless Extraction of Teeth.  
Office—Over Hooper's Grocery Store, Corner Rosser  
and 9th Street. Entrance 9th Street.  
Gold filling a specialty.



**John Dickson, D.D.S.,**  
DENTIST,  
OVER FLEMING'S DRUG STORE,  
ENTRANCE ON ROSSER AVENUE.

ANESTHETICS ADMINISTERED FOR  
PAINLESS EXTRACTION OF TEETH

**Forbes & Stirrett**

TAKE pleasure in informing the public that we  
have now in connection with our Planing a

**LUMBER YARD!**

and will keep constantly on hand a full stock of  
all kinds of Building material, Planing, Sizing,  
Cutting, Shingles, Laths, and all dimension材  
Material, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, turned work and  
Frames.

Buildings made out and estimates furnished for  
all kinds of Building.  
We feel confident by our long experi-  
ence as Builders and Manufacturers  
that we can give all the necessary in-  
formation for the construction of Buildings.  
Our prices being as low as anywhere in the  
City. We solicit a liberal share of your patron-  
age. Yours respectfully,  
**FORBES & STIRRETT,**  
10th St. South of Rosser Ave.

**Auction Sale!**

—AT THE—

**BRANDON REPOSITORY,**

**Wednesday, Aug. 15, 1888,**

50 Horses, Horned Stock, Pigs,

Poultry, Rolling Stock and

Implements of every

description.

These sales take place only on the third Wednesday

of every month.

For Sale, cheap, and on reasonable terms.

CHAS. PILLING, Auctioneer.

**SMITH & SHIRRIFF,**

—DEALERS IN—

**Agricultural Implements!**

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

**SPECIALTY.**

**THE WATSON**

**Manufacturing Co's,**

GOODS, COMPRISING

**The Watson, all Steel, Deering**

**Binder.** (The best Canadian Binder sold

in Manitoba, see it before you order.)

**The Watson Mowers, Rakes,**

**Harrows, etc.** We also sell

**The American all Steel Binder**

Manufactured by WM. DEERING & CO.,

Chicago.

**American Buffalo Sulkey and**

**Walking Plows.**

**The 4yr American Buffalo**

**Grubs, Sulkeys and Walking**

**Plows.**

**Kline's Champion Fanning**

**Mills with Bagger attached.**

**The Celebrated Household**

**Sewing Machines.**

Repairs of all kinds kept on hand or or-  
dered for you.

The Public must easily decide from above list that  
we have the best line of goods sold by any one firm in  
Manitoba for season of 1888.

Correspondence solicited and promptly answered.  
C. M. SMITH. J. SHIRRIFF.

## Thrashing Machines

### The New Model,

30 and 36 inch cylinder, will thresh more grain  
of any kind, and cleaner, with less waste than  
any machine in the market. The New Model is  
the best machine to be had for \$12.

### Hall Thrashing Machines,

32 and 36 inch cylinder. Though this machine  
has been before the farmers of Canada and the  
United States for 50 years, it is still the favorite  
machine where horse power is the motive power  
to drive it.

### Oshawa 12 Horse Portable Engines,

With Spark Arresters, Daisell Steel and Wilson's  
Steel Tubes in the Boilers, the best Steel and the  
best Tubes in the world, ensuring absolute safety  
to all who look after their Engines.

### Pitts' 10 Horse Down Pow- ers,

### Woodbury 12 Horse Mount- ed Powers,

### Planet 10 Horse Down Pow- er,

### California 12 Horse Down Power,

All of Iron, safe to leave out in all weather.  
In quality of material, good workmanship, and  
finish, these Machines are unequalled.  
Repairs and parts of Machines at all times on  
hand.

### JOSEPH HALL Machine Works, OSHAWA.

JOHN LIVINGSTONE, Trustee.

## HURRAH BOYS!

### The end of Hand-me-Downs,

as you can get an

Ordered Suit for \$14 50,

ALL WOOL,

From J. SANDERS

who is filling orders fully TEN per cent. less than  
Rosser prices, and has a Big Stock of Woollens to  
choose from, both

**Canadian and Imported,**

direct from the Mills.

**BREECHES A SPECIALTY,**

CALL AND LOOK THROUGH.

**J. SANDERS,**

Merchant Tailor,

13th St. south of the Royal Hotel, Brandon.

## MUNROE & CO.

### Have

### Removed

Their Liquor Store from the old store south of the  
Central Hotel, to the premises lately occupied by  
Smith & Burton.

### NINTH STREET,

BETWEEN

**Rosser and Pacific Avenues.**

They have now full lines of the

## Best Brands!

—OF—

**Liquors in Stock,**

Selling at the

**LOWEST PRICES.**

GENTLEMEN,

If you want your

### Horses Shod!

IN FIRST-CLASS STYLE

**CALL ON WILSON**

Where you will always get the best Horse-  
Shoeing done in the City—where they get all  
the fast and best horses shod in the latest and  
improved styles.

Special attention paid to Corns, Contrac-  
tions, Quarter-cracks and other diseases of the  
hoof by

WM. WILSON,

9th STREET, — — — BRANDON.

## Strayed

FROM sec. 30, Tp. 8, R. 21, on June 11th, 2nd  
and 2nd horses, one white and red, two  
speckled and one red with white spot on fore-  
tip of ear. Any person giving information that will lead  
to their recovery will be rewarded.

Address: JOHN MUNN,  
Box 15, Souris.

## FOR SALE.

A COMFORTABLE house with Lot attached,  
Good locality.

Address: C. D. MAIL OFFICE.

## TOWN TOPICS.

California and B. C. fruit arrive direct from  
H. C. every week to D. & G. Casals.

D. & G. Casals is the place to get good  
ice cream, cake, soda water, etc.

A \$16 baby carriage for \$12 at the MAIL  
bookstore—only a few left.

The Regina Board of Trade is incorporated.

We have been told that there was frost last  
night.

There are not many cases of fever in Brandon  
at present.

Every body feared frost on Tuesday night  
but it did not come.

Messrs. Strone & Whelaw are putting an  
additional story on the rear of their shop.

The buildings to be erected on the experi-  
mental farm, will not be erected until next  
spring.

Rev. Mr. Bell of the Portage will occupy  
the pulpit in the Presbyterian church on Sun-  
day next.

Rev. Mr. Todd, of Minnecola, occupied  
the pulpit in the Presbyterian church on Sun-  
day last.

Rev. Mr. Williams, formerly of this place,  
conducted services in the Methodist church  
last Sunday.

Wm. Knott had H. Wilcott, before the  
Bank Tuesday on non-payment of \$88 wages.  
Knott was awarded \$82.

Mr. R. J. Collins reached Brandon Tues-  
day with a car load of fine horses. He pur-  
chased them in Bruce County.

Mr. Christie has his saw mill going now.  
He is cutting timbers for his new mill which  
he intends erecting on the main river south.

Now is the time when the small boy and  
even the small girl, will be performing all man-  
ner of contortions—green apples are in the  
market.

The city council have given Maywood Bros.  
the contract of drawing the engine to and  
from. The price paid per year for this job  
is \$125.

A west end hotel keeper and a northern far-  
mer had a bit of amusement at a Henna and  
Sayers Tuesday evening, and the hotel man  
retired from the field.

Professor Goldwin Smith passed through  
here on Sunday on his way to Victoria, B. C.

What is the Professor's lay this time, is it  
the working of the Anglo Saxon race, or merely  
on business with Commercial Union?

Tenders have been asked for, by the  
architect, W. B. Marshall, for putting a  
large addition to the Crescent hotel, Souris.  
Also for putting in a furnace and pipes for  
heating purposes.

Yesterday's Winnipeg Commercial cross-  
ed over a car load of hoes Russell & Son's  
of this city, shipped to that burg re-  
cently. It may not be out of place to re-  
mark "Jimmy" Steen is an excellent judge of  
hogs.

The friends of Mr. Percival, near Kenney,  
will regret to hear of his loss by fire the other  
evening. His stables containing 4 horses, one  
bull, 24 sheep, harness, implements and were  
destroyed. The fire was the work of an in-  
cendiary.

The lacrosse match between Minnecola and  
Brandon teams on Thursday evening was easily  
won by the home team. The Brandon team  
took four straight in 7, 10, 25, 3 minutes  
respectively. One of the defence men on the  
home team had the lion on his lacrosse but  
once during the whole game, which does  
not speak very well for the visitors.

The attractions for the holiday will be  
ahead of all the other holidays so far this year.  
There is every promise of live times at the race  
course, as many fast horses, both trotters and  
runners entered. The Oddfellows picnic will  
be the cause of a great many going to Brandon  
Hills where games of all kinds will be indulg-  
ed in among them being a game of lacrosse be-  
tween the bandmen, who have been secured  
by the Oddfellows and the firemen, which  
will no doubt be very exciting. The rifle as-  
sociation will also be at the butts on that day.

The amount to be raised this year for city  
purposes in Winnipeg is \$340,360.07. The  
whole rateable property of the city is valued at  
\$10,523,800; and the rate required is 13 1/2  
mills on the dollar, as against 14 mills last  
year. The amount required last year for  
Protestant schools in addition to above is \$70,  
000, and for Catholic schools, \$4,100. The  
property assessed for the support of Protestant  
schools is valued at 18,603,500, and for  
Catholic schools \$894,600.

It is current rumor in Winnipeg that Mr.  
Smart is to retire from the Cabinet, and that  
his place is to be taken by another of the  
anxious faithful. It was known, of course,  
that a cyclone required the prefix "honorable"  
to carry an election, but that the latter is  
secured "resignations" now call for something  
else. My Smart has one consolation, how-  
ever, and that is, that through the usage of  
the country through quoted from office he  
will be permitted to wear the title as long  
as he lives.

There is every reason to believe that the  
members of the city council and the printers  
and publishers will have a base ball match  
soon. Several parties have enquired where  
the event is to take place, for if in the usual  
grounds, the handy residents have signified  
their intention of moving their buildings—not  
because they are afraid of the ball doing  
damage to their property, but they merely  
want to get away as far as possible from the  
noise. Others of a more thoughtful nature,  
have advised that a large number of special  
police be sworn in, and that a galling gun be  
placed upon the ground.

The rumor that the headquarters of the  
Hudson's Bay Co. would be moved from  
London to Canada is denied in a London  
cable.

W. G. Evans, of this city, has formed a  
partnership with W. Birch to carry on a  
livery, feed and sale stable business at Alex-  
ander.

Mr. W. J. Lindsay and Mr. A. Trotter  
returned from the eastern provinces a few days  
ago, where they had spent some time on busi-  
ness and pleasure.

The ripening season is being delayed by  
rain, but still the farmers have the best of  
hopes the crop will be ripe before we have  
any damaging frosts.

Mr. John Hanbury is feeling his way with  
a view to erecting a large elevator next Mr.  
Hessons' coal sheds. In a few days there  
will be more known about it. J. A. Christie  
and S. Parrish are also talking about elevators.

The Grits on the School Board retained Mr.  
Elliott as teacher until he voted with them,  
and then they cast him aside like an old shoe,  
but it is a repetition of "man's inhumanity  
to man makes countless millions mourn."

It now turns out that policeman Foster  
will not accept the chiefship of the Portage,  
but is likely to be located here under a pro-  
vincial Commission of some form. Brandonites  
will be pleased to hear of this.

The daily Call came out in its new form  
last Monday morning. It is certainly ahead  
of any of the other dailies, and at the low  
price of \$5 per year is sure to take the lead.  
It is always for sale at the MAIL bookstore.

The C.P.R. is now hauling tea from China  
for eastern points in Canada and the States  
at the rate of from 10 to 15 cents a day. It  
is out of this business the road is made to  
pay—a trade the proposed Northern Pacific  
branches that it is and will pay their way,  
can never enjoy.

An interesting cricket match will take place  
on the sporting grounds in this city on Tues-  
day next, the civic holiday. Mr. Kirchhofer's  
team from Plum Creek are going to contest  
supremacy with the Brandon club, and as  
there are several experts in each, some ex-  
cellent playing may be looked for.

One day last week while two Englishmen  
were taking a new thrashing machine, which  
they had purchased from Smith & Sheriff,  
over the street bridge the tongue broke allow-  
ing the machine to run off the road into the  
ditch where it overturned. The machine was  
again righted, and got out of the ditch  
with considerable damage.

Our enterprising townsmen, F. E. Macken-  
zie, is branching out. Not content with the  
erection of a fine residence in this city sum-  
mer, he has now fully in hand the erection of  
a thirty thousand grain elevator at Alexander.  
The materials, lumber, machinery and all are  
now on the way, and building operations will  
be begun at once.

Dr. Doering, dentist, has decided to shake  
the dust of Brandon off his feet and settle in  
South America, but in the meantime he will  
be found at his old quarters for some weeks  
longer. We are sorry to lose the Doctor who  
is a "jolly good fellow, which no body can  
deny." There is one consolation in the fact,  
however, he leaves a first-class man, in the  
person of Dr. McInnes, as his successor.

Since May 22, the opening day of naviga-  
tion, there have been shipped from the Lake  
Superior elevators, 2,007,381 bushels, 5 1/2  
wheat. In this trade, a fleet of over 40 ves-  
sels were engaged, and the points to which it  
was taken were Sarnia, Owen Sound, King-  
ston, Port Edward, Buffalo, Toronto and  
Goderich. Nearly 30,000 bushels of oats  
were also shipped during the same period.

Medicine Hat Times: C. Sharples, man-  
ager of the Windsor Ranch Company, with  
ranges at Trout Creek, Willow Creek and Po-  
cupine Hills, and J. C. Patterson, also a  
rancher, both of New Oxley, Alberta, were in  
Medicine Hat yesterday perfecting arrange-  
ments for the shipping of cattle from this  
point to the east. The work of rounding up  
and driving the cattle in will commence at  
once, and some 2,000 head will be shipped  
direct to the old country from this place in  
September.

Unrestricted reciprocity got an Irish twist  
in Manitoba last week. Goldwin Smith ad-  
dressed an audience in Winnipeg upon the  
above subject. Mr. F. C. Wade, of the Free  
Press, also spoke; and J. H. Ashdown moved  
a vote of thanks. One would think this com-  
bination almost enough to kill any move-  
ment. Just fancy Goldwin Smith, F. C.  
Wade and J. H. Ashdown—all of one plat-  
form. Three of a kind. Who would not  
have a liver after this?

We should be glad to see the city council  
bestir themselves to secure the extension of  
the terms of the G. N. W. Co. into the heart  
of the city, with a union depot with the C. P.  
R. if possible. Any thing the council could  
do in lending its credit, exempting from tax-  
ation in short anything that can be done that  
will not impose too heavy a debt on the  
immediate future ought to be done and that  
at once. There are a dozen or more of reasons,  
any one of which is substantial, why this  
should be done. Will the council communi-  
cate with the Co. at once, and ascertain the  
very best the company will take, and then  
feel the taxpayers as to the propriety of  
granting the demand.

The Provincial Minister of Agriculture  
and Immigration has presented circular to the  
secretaries of each electoral division regard-  
ing the election, stating that it is the intention  
of the Government to offer to the agricultural  
societies in the province three prizes of \$100,  
\$50 and \$25 respectively, for the best collec-  
tion of grain, seeds, field and garden roots,  
etc., to be sent to Winnipeg not later than  
September 8th. Each society competing will  
receive \$20 to cover the expense of collecting  
the exhibit. It is the intention when the  
various societies respond, to select one or two  
large exhibits for Ontario, to be shown at  
the exhibition to be held there in September.  
This will be a good opportunity for the  
Brandon agricultural society to secure a \$100  
prize, which it certainly can do if they make  
up their minds to compete.

## THE NEW TEACHERS.

The following is a list of the successful  
third class candidates at the recent teachers  
examination: 281 candidates wrote at the  
examination:

### GRADE A.

Males—A. Chisholm, J. A. Morrison, W.  
K. Powell, W. A. Vance, D. McNab, A.  
Kemlo.

Females—L. Angus, M. Campbell, M. K.  
Dandy, I. Grant, L. M. Preston, C. Short,  
M. Smith, M. Twede, V. Clarke, A. Mc-  
Kenzie.

### GRADE B.

Males—T. D. Acheson, F. C. Cameron,  
W. O. Coutts, W. Cranston, A. L. Curtis,  
H. M. Elliott, A. D. Gemmill, D. I. Graham,  
J. A. Hall, J. Halpin, J. B. Henderson,  
J. Henry, M. Hillis, W. E. Hobbs, T. H.  
Johnson, J. Kinley, A. Lang, W. S. Lewis,  
J. L. Little, D. Lusk, J. W. Magwood, G.  
B. Monteith, R. Murdoch, J. A. McDonald,  
W. McKellar, F. M. McPherson, D. D. Mc-  
Queen, P. Purvis, F. A. Schultz, T. J. Smith,  
J. S. Stewart, C. J. Sweet, W. K. Taylor, P.  
B. C. Turner, C. H. Wimpers.

Females—F. M. Armstrong, A. M. Bas-  
kerville, Bjorg Jons, Florence Bellhouse, Hat-  
tie R. Black, Maggie Boyle, Emma Brown-  
ridge, M. L. Caldwell, Catharine Cameron,  
Victoria Clark, E. M. Croston, J. F. Croston,  
Edith Dufour, M. A. Findlay, Kate Galbraith,  
Jessie A. Glenning, Lily A. Hall, F. M.  
Harvie, Eliza A. Jones, Mattie Kerr, Annie  
Kilpatrick, F. M. Kinley, Mary Laurie,  
Christine McLeod, Minnie McLeod, Jessie A.  
McKenzie, E. M. McKee, M. McKee, M. Mc-  
Kenzie, Annabella McKee, Kate A. Mc-  
Phail, Emily O'Neil, H. E. Parr, J. S. Pat-  
terson, M. M. Patterson, Violet Patterson,  
Charlotte Perrin, Salina Peterson, Edith  
Roberts, Maud Salamander, Annie M. Shaw,  
Mary A. Simpson, Minnie Sinclair, Mary A.  
Spaulding, Aida B. Stewart, Lucie Townsend,  
Jennie VanBlaricom, Edith Wake, Frances  
Way, Margaret P. Wright, Tena Young.

There are 65 others who were a few marks  
behind, but will be allowed certificates. The  
names are not given out yet.

## City Council.

Present—Mayor Fraser, Alds. Halpin,  
T. E. Kelly, A. Kelly, Russell, Paisley, Cold-  
well, and McKelvie.

Minutes of last regular meeting and special  
meeting read and adopted.

### COMMUNICATIONS.

From C. Kelling and R. J. Noxon, enclos-  
ing treasurer's receipt and asking for auc-  
tioneer's license. Granted.

From city solicitor, re loan to east Brandon  
Agricultural society. Fyled.

From Union Bank of Canada, re 18th street  
bridge. Order of motions.

From treasurer, showing a statement of  
\$326.96 in the bank to the city's credit.

### PETITIONS.

From F. E. McKenzie and others, asking  
that gilt street between Lorne and Louise Aves.  
be gravelled. Referred to board of works.

### REPORTS.

Finance and Assessment, that rifle range  
be granted \$25. Lost.

That the following accounts be paid: 7 00  
Gibson & Fraser..... 13 00  
Times office..... 1 75  
J. A. Brock..... 361 84  
Daysheet..... 1 00

That the logs and planks of J. A. Christie's  
new mill be exempt from taxes, the board to  
make conditions, but that they cannot exempt  
the lumber and machinery. Report adopted.

### BOARD OF WORKS.

That the following accounts be paid: 2 00  
Times office..... 1 25  
C. A. Larkin..... 6 00  
D. Phillips..... 1 75  
Campbell Cartage..... 5 00

E. G. Widdell..... 50 70  
That D. W. H. McMillan's offer of gravel off  
two lots for \$25 be accepted. Report adopted.

### FIRE, WATER AND LIGHT.

That the following accounts be paid: 7 86  
Vulcan Iron Works..... 1 40  
J. C. Kerr..... 7 68  
J. D. Ronald.....

### BEALING AND BELIEF.

That the following accounts be paid: 4 00  
Collected fund..... 4 50  
Ald. T. E. Kelly wanted to know what  
had become of the barrel of bluestone. Ald.  
Halpin said that it had been



## INTERESTING MISCELLANY.

## A Lightning Plug—Medical Aid—A Wise Choice—The Season Opens.

The swallow the margin of the river is skimming.  
The daisies and buttercups gemming the mead.  
The robins and bluebirds their choruses are hymning  
And the snows like snowflakes descend from the sky.

The maiden is wearing a bright Dolly Varden.  
In which many conquests she's certain to make;  
For her season for flirting, and off in the garden.  
When twilight is falling, she's won with a race.

For ornaments wives husbands overcast their  
And maidens are splendid with new and things  
Like extra services sell at "three-quarters for a quart"  
For

And boarders are living in clover for June.  
Now opens for boyhood the good swimming sea  
And home in the evening the women both go  
With their skirts tucked out, quite at low for a reason.

His mother to satisfy why it is so  
The hammock to hang on the outside veranda.  
And there, too, the beautiful maiden reclines.  
And dream of a lover with cheeks to squander.

While her mother is hanging the wash on the line  
Oh, season delicious, we've longed for thy coming.  
We've longed for thy sunshine and beautiful days  
At last we have got 'em and business is humming.

With merchants who freely their goods will  
And the season is here, and the season is here,  
And the season is here, and the season is here,  
And the season is here, and the season is here.

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At last we have got 'em and business is humming  
With merchants who freely their goods will  
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her thumb which caused her no pain until six years subsequently, when it was removed from the ankle of her brother-in-law; but it is about as hard on a man's credulity.—Norristown Herald.

**The Backwoodsman Takes a Bath.**  
"Say, boss, gimme a swim, and give it to me quick."  
"Give you what?"  
"Why, a bat-b, swim. Do you understand that?"

The first speaker was a bad man from the West Bottoms, and the other was a Delaware street barber.

"Yes, sir, a man could tell what you wanted if you were deaf and dumb. Swim, turn on the hose in tub 5."

Soon the water could be heard rushing into the zinc-lined vessel, and directly afterward the man from Kansas disappeared. But a person on the outside with an ordinarily acute ear could readily keep track of every move made by the desperate man. First a foot came off, and as the damp foot rubbed against the leather a kind of wine was emitted.

Over went the foot into a corner, soon followed by its mate. The soap suds were unbuttoned, and in the recoil the "good ole" inglin rubber galuses" nearly knocked the top of the barber's head off. At last came the plunge, and the half smothered howl that came through the door apprised the folks in the block that the water was bilin' hot.

For the next half an hour the barbers and the patrons of the shop were vastly amused by the splashing and spluttering that came from the interior. At last a dull thud on the floor, one that shook the building from foundation to roof, sounded out, and a scurrying was made for the towel rack. Comparative silence reigned for five minutes. Then a weak voice piped out:

"Say, boy, these here towls are too durned small, gimme nuther amful."

The request was granted, and when Kansas came out he wore a smile on his face a foot long. He rubbed his chin complacently and actually looked ashamed of his cleanliness. Suddenly a blank look came over his face and he darted back into the bath room muttering:

"S-a-a-y, what d'y'e think o'me! Durned if I didn't forget to wash my face, an' I been swimming around there for an hour."

A few minutes later he emerged with his face shining like a new moon, paid his quarter and walked out with the air of a man who could easily keep down the suspicions of the board of health for six months.—Kansas City Star.

**Signed with a Skalo.**  
"Meet with an accident," asked a policeman of a farmer on the market yesterday with one of his eyes in deep mourning.

"Yes, sorter."

"Fall out of a tree?"

"Not exactly."

"Stick of wood fly up?"

"Hardly. A couple of days ago two chaps came along in a buggy and wanted to sell me 100 feet of wire clothes line for seventy-five cents. I bought it and then they wanted me to sign a paper recommending its use. When I got ready to sign I found it was a note for \$100."

"And then?"

"Didn't feel the ground treble in town that day, did you?"

"I don't remember."

"They were probably too far. I waded into 'em. They waded back. In the scurrying I got this."

"And they got off safe free, I suppose?"

"Do you? Well, there's a town doctor riding out to see me every day, and my neighbor has drawn up wills for 'em. Moblie an old farmer with a sledstake habit of any account in a spring riot, and mebbe people nine miles away heard him whoop as he went in fur blood! Want a bag of faters this morning?"

—Detroit Free Press.

**He Nursed a Striking Memory.**  
The clock was just striking 8 yesterday morning when two dogs jumped at each other at the corner of Monroe avenue and Randolph street. Neither was with his master, and both could have been placed under the head of "unknown." Inside of ten seconds twenty men were around the dogs. In thirty seconds 100 men had gathered.

"Three was yours?"

"Call the police!"

"Who's got a can?"

"Who's that yaller one?"

All these and a dozen other exclamations flew from mouth to mouth. Seven or eight men rushed in to cane the dogs, and three or four others to kick them, and then fresh voices cried:

"Let up on 'em!"

"It's a shame!"

"Know that red faced man down?"

"Let go, there, or I'll smash your nose!"

There were four wrangles, two fights, six "dare-you's," fifty growls and a hundred early inquiries, and at four minutes after 9 the dogs had departed, the crowd vanished and the sole reminder of the incident was a man sitting on a barrel nursing a black eye.

—Detroit Free Press.

**A Tight Place.**  
Blossom—Had a little tea fight at our house last night.  
Dumpey—Indeed?  
Blossom—Yes, my wife said there ought to be two's in better, and I said there ought to be only one.

Dumpey—Your wife was right.  
Blossom—Eh? Right? For heaven's sake don't tell her, or she'll never let up on me. I'm president of the Burlington Business Men's Literary club.—Burlington Free Press.

**A Long Felt Want.**  
Omaha Man—I see by the paper that a Chicago doctor is making artificial noses of kyanite.  
Chicago Man—My gracious! Is that so? The kyanite noses can't smell, can they?  
Omaha Man—Probably not.  
Chicago Man—I must get one.—Omaha World.

**One Was Enough.**  
Agent—Can I put a burglar alarm in your house, sir?  
Citizen—No, I had one once.  
Agent—What was the matter? Wouldn't it go off?  
Citizen—Oh, yes, it went off easily enough. Burglar got into the house one night and carried it off.—New York Sun.

**Reputation Already Made.**  
"Young man," he said, "why don't you

give up this life of idleness and luxury and try to make a name for yourself?"

"Why and make a name for myself? Why, my dear sir, my little English foxhound took the first prize at the dog show, b'jove."—New York Sun.

**The Long Beginning.**  
It is said that many literary men of this country owe much to their wives. If their wives paid the postage on their first literary ventures on their rounds among the magazines, this statement is unquestionably true.—Lowell Citizen.

**An Inward Monitor.**  
Teacher—Children, there is something within you that tells you when you have done wrong. What is it?  
Small Boy gorged with green apples—I know, sir. It's the colic.—Detroit Free Press.

**A Man Clothed in Fine Eminent.**  
"How did you manage to capture such a handsome wife, Mr. Tucker, when you are such a homely man?" "Oh, my good clothes did it. I just put on my best bib and tuck her."—Burdette in Brooklyn Eagle.

**No Need to Send Abroad.**  
Young Wife—John, did you post my letter asking Mr. Potts, of New York, to send me a new bustle of the largest size?  
Young Husband—No; I didn't think it was necessary.

Young Wife—Why not, if I may ask?  
Young Husband—Editor Tompkins is going to enlarge his paper next week.—Judge.

**An Enduring Suit.**  
Bagley—That's an awfully durable suit of yours, Tom. It just seems to wear like iron.  
Cagley—I've got another that's lasted nearly as long.  
Bagley—Which one is that?  
Cagley—The tailor's suit for his bill.—Texas Sittings.

**One That Will Bear Telling Again.**  
A certain fort in the far west, so the story goes, was in command of a major of artillery who was constantly lamenting that his favorite arm could not be more frequently used against the Indians. Finally one day he took one of the small howitzers, which he founded the fort, and had it securely strapped to the back of an army mule with the muzzle projecting over the animal's tail. With this novel gun carriage he proceeded, in high feather with the carriage and a sergeant to a bluff on the bank of the Missouri, near which was encamped a band of friendly Indians. The gun was duly loaded and primed, the fuse inserted, and the mule backed to the edge of the bluff. The major remarked something about the moral effect the exhibition was likely to produce upon the Indian allies and stepped jauntily forward and fired the match.

The curiosity of the mule was aroused. He jerked his head around to see what was firing away from his neck, and the next second his feet were all bunched together and making forty revolutions a minute, while the gun was threatening everything under the canopy within a radius of ten miles with perfect destruction. The captain shinned up the only available tree. The sergeant threw himself flat on the ground and tried to dig a hole with his bayonet to crawl into, while the fat major rolled over and over in agony, alternately invoking the protection of Providence and cursing the mule. Finally the explosion came, the ball going through the roof of the fort. The recoil of the gun, and the wild leap of the terrified mule carried both over the bluff to a certain anchorage at the bottom of the river. The discomfited party returned sadly to the fort.

Shortly after the chief the Indians appeared and announced briefly, "Injun go home."

Questioned as to why, he thus explained: "Injun go home, white man. Injun use gun, use bow arrow, use knife, but when white man fire off whole peckers Injun no understand, no think right. Injun no help us fight that way."—Toronto World.

**What Follows.**  
A few and very empty follow the small boy's acquisition of a pocketknife.—Burlington Leader.

**A Street Car Story from the City of Detroit.**  
You can earn a good deal of human nature into a street car in 60 seconds. At 6 o'clock in the evening there was a heap of it in a Grand River avenue car on an evening or two since, when half a dozen people saw a man take a \$20 gold piece from his vest pocket, fumble it for a moment and then drop it into his left hand pants pocket. In about three minutes he felt in his vest pocket for that money, and it was gone. Then he felt in the other pocket and suddenly rose up.

"Lost nothing?" queried a passenger.  
"But I know—let's see—yes, I have!"

He felt in several other pockets, drew forth a bunch of keys, a lump of rosin, a pocket knife, some trunks and a half dollar and then exclaimed:

"I've had my pocket picked of \$20!"

Five passengers betrayed excitement. Six others were only casually interested. Four were skeptical, and seven winked at each other and whispered that it was a dead fake.

"Lost it in the car?" asked a second passenger.  
"Of course I did! I had it less'n five minutes ago!"

"And your pocket has been picked?"  
"Sure enough! Is there an officer on this car?"

"Do you mean to say you suspect me?" demanded the man on the right.  
"But it's gone!" shouted the loser. "Some one has certainly robbed me!"

Five passengers whispered "Fats" softly to themselves, and four others gazed serenely at the ceiling.

"Conductor, stop the car!" shouted the loser, as he seized the cord and rang up five fares on the register.

"What is it?" demanded the conductor as he came in.  
"Some one has robbed me!"

"Feed in your left hand pants pocket, you punk skull!" shouted an old man on the opposite seat.

His advice was complied with, and lo! the lost was found.

"Twenty-five cents, sir!" said the conductor.  
"What for?"  
"Those five fares!"

It was paid, and the victim offered to kick anybody in the car before he got off. Then he got off, shook his fist at the conductor, and darkness settled down upon the city and sent the sparrows to their nests under the eaves.—Detroit Free Press.

anybody in the car before he got off. Then he got off, shook his fist at the conductor, and darkness settled down upon the city and sent the sparrows to their nests under the eaves.—Detroit Free Press.

**Two of Many.**  
Malcontent—Ah, this is a hard, cruel world. I suppose I would have starved to death right in my early home if I hadn't got away, but I'm little better off yet.

Old Friend—I remember you got disgusted with everybody and everything because others were more prosperous than yourself, and you sold the pair of imported dogs your uncle left you for money enough to go off among strangers.

"Yes, that fool of a Blinks bought 'em. Blinks never had sense enough to come in when it rained; he could hardly feel himself, and yet he bought them big dogs of me. What became of Blinks?"

"He owns the finest dog kennel in the country and is rich."—Omaha World.

**A Wise Servant Girl.**  
Mother—What, now reading again, Mary? Daughter (pulling up the heel of her slipper)—Well, there's nothing for me to do. You do everything about the house.

M—I have to. I'm sure I don't know what's to become of you, Mary. You can't cook, you can't make bread, I can't trust you to make a bed. If your father and I should be taken away what would become of you?

D—I'd get married.  
M—But suppose you couldn't get married?  
D—Well, if the worst came to the worst, I could hire out as a servant girl.—Boston Courier.

**A Boy Again.**  
"Henry, you were talking in your sleep," said Mrs. Jones to her husband.  
"What did I talk about?" inquired Jones, anxiously.  
"You spoke of 'taking in the chips.'"

"Ah, yes," said Jones, with a relieved look, "early associations, my dear. I dreamed I was a boy again. I was always the one to take in the chips."—Detroit Free Press.

**Cause and Effect.**  
At a concert in St. Petersburg a few weeks ago there were 150 drums and 24 pianos played by women. Last week ground was broken for a new insane asylum in that city.—Norristown Herald.

**Good Advice.**  
"Never go to bed immediately after a heavy supper," says a medical authority. People who are fond of heavy suppers should eat them in the forenoon.—Boston Courier.

**Everything Is Explained Now.**  
It is said by an eminent physician that half of the supposed mad dogs have nothing the matter with them but the toothache. Isn't that enough to make them mad?—Pittsburgh.

**Too Many of Them Here.**  
In Paris there are people who make a living by walking people up in the morning. There are plenty of people who do the same thing in this country, but they don't get paid for it.—Exchange.

**STEAMBOAT MISAPES.**  
The Accidents to the Empire and Ontario Large Cargo of Wheat.

[Daily Sun, August 1.]  
Passengers by the United Empire, which left Saginaw a week ago last night, arrived in the city by the regular train yesterday morning. They report a rather unfortunate experience in making the trip. The Empire lost her rudder in the Saginaw river, and had to be towed as far as the canal. In the meantime the Ontario was on her way down, but ran on a sand bar somewhere near the Saginaw, and it required the assistance of two or three tug boats to get her off. The passengers and freight of the Empire and Ontario were then exchanged, when it was found that the latter's propeller was broken. The assistance of other steamers was then called for, and the Alberta took off the Port Arthur passengers and baggage, while one of the American boats did a like act for those whose destiny was Duluth. The Empire and Ontario, with their freight, then wended their way Sarniaward, where both of them will go into dry dock.

Mr. Plewes, a Brandon grain buyer, who arrived in the city yesterday, says he was exactly one week in making the trip from Toronto, having been on the disabled boat. The Ontario carried 20,000 bushels of wheat. A bad leakage in the boat threatened to damage the cargo. It is thought that the Empire will be laid on for ten days.

**Cleveland's Soldier Record.**  
1. Sent a substitute to the war.  
2. Veto of a bill to provide funds for the observance of Memorial day at Buffalo, while mayor.

3. Veto of a law prohibiting others than members of the Grand Army of the Republic wearing the badges of the order in New York, while governor.

4. Permitting an officer of his administration to hoist a flag in memory of that old rebel, Jake Thompson.

5. Veto of worthy pension bills.

6. Spawning away on a fishing excursion to avoid Memorial day services at Washington.

7. Issuing an infamous rebel flag order.

8. Refusal to visit St. Louis because the Grand Army of the Republic was to hold a convention there at the same time, alleging that they might insult or do him injury.

This is the record the people are asked to endorse in November, the ticket and platform of the Democratic convention having been prepared by the President's friends to that end.—Toledo Blade.

**Extradition Papers Issued.**  
County Attorney S. A. McIntyre and Deputy United States Marshall Crawford, of Helena, have gone to Lethbridge with documents for the extradition of the murderer, Max Hoppe, who killed Gus Adams near Fort Conrad. Crawford, who is also under-sheriff, trailed Hoppe to a camp of the mounted police in Canada and had him arrested and held for the crime, pending action for his extradition. The witnesses will accompany the officers to Lethbridge.

**Tracklaying on the M. & N. W. R.**  
Tracklaying on the 25 miles extension to the M. & N. W. R. commenced on Saturday. The work will be rushed ahead with all possible speed.

## THE LIME KILN CLUB.

## Brudner Socrates Shellbark Writes With The Big Words in the English Language.

"It's my duty to explain," said Brother Gardner, as the hall grew quiet. "I'm the Hon. Gave Washington Jones, of Memphis, arrived here two days ago on purpose to deliver a lecture before this club. The name of his lecture is: 'How an When to be a miser.' I had a chance to look at the program and see him up, and last night I walked him down to the ribbon, pinned across to his chest, and told him to skip. He skipped. Such of you as had your minds all ready for something good, will no doubt feel a lot disappointed until I further explain. By a world study of de Hon. Jones I discovered most of his hints.

"I found that he was economizer on both heels to buy me brass watch chain.

"He was making one shirt his last dinner's spring serum in order to buy 10 pink old-laws which reached up to his ears.

"He had any underclothes, but he had a galvanized watch that run twenty-six hours to day.

"He was barfing in his butes, but he was a glass diamond that neiber cost less dan thirty cents.

"He hadn't any overcoat, but he wore a pair of beautiful yaller kid gloves that made every street kyar boss carry in his tracks.

"While he didn't carry a comb nor brush, he swelled out with a blue handkerchief in which de czar of Russia might have ached to blow his nose.

"He showed me a dozen blank checks on various banks that he was juggin' around for show, but it took his last nuckle to git across to Canada.

"He had a bewtful way of speakin' to me, but three different policemen was going to run him in fur a suspicious character.

"While he hadn't had a good smart meal fur two weeks, he was armet wit a dozen cheap cigars to make a show on de streets.

"I looked over him, an' under him, an' all around him, an' I cum to de conclusion dat we didn't want any of his hints on economy. I didn't want to seem too cold and severe wid him, an' after turnin' de subject over in my mind, I decided dat de United States was an onbly climate fur his system."

On motion of Waydown Bebe de thanks of the club were tendered the president for his action in the case, and a resolution of sympathy was extended to Pockles Smith for having loaned the Hon. Jones \$2 in cash without question.—Detroit Free Press.

"If Brudner Socrates Shellbark an' de hall dis evening, he will please stop de hall. Brudner Gardner as the meeting was called to order after the rules laid down by Cushing.

Socrates had just settled himself down in the southeast corner to brag to Pockles Smith about the size of the carbuncle on his neck, and he slowly



The Australian Christian World, commenting on the temperance congress, held recently in Sydney, says: "We are thankful to mark the steady increase of church temperance societies and Bands of Hope, but it must be reluctantly acknowledged that the bulk of the bestmen of our church are as yet only half alive to the importance of this question and the magnitude of work to be done."



## Brandon Weekly Mail.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 9, 1888.

## RAILWAY BUILDING.

There are those who say to us, when speaking of the probability of the country being unbearably taxed in the future for the payment of railway liabilities the Greenway Government is likely to impose on the country. "There is no sense in crying before you are hurt," but to our mind it is much better to avert a calamity, whether personal or national, before it is imposed. From the representations of individuals and newspapers that are in the confidence of the Greenway Government, it is gathered the Government is not satisfied with the construction of the R.R.V.R. at provincial expense, but that more roads are to be undertaken by Government encouragement. We had hoped from the representations made by these parties before the monopoly purchase that if the latter were made, the country would have all the roads it required built by outside capital, that when the purchase was made and the Grits were placed in responsibility provincially there would be some effort made to make good their pledges, but as usual we are doomed to disappointment. They say the country must have the roads, and, notwithstanding their previous representations, they must be built at least partly by provincial assistance.

As nearly as we can gather, the conclusion Messrs. Greenway and Martin arrived at when before the Northern Pacific authorities in New York the other day, was, to sell out the R.R.V.R. to the latter company, taking not cash, but N. Pacific bonds in payment; to organize a local company to construct a branch from Winnipeg to the Portage, and another from Morris to Brandon, with probably a third branch from Morris to the Coal fields; and to subsidize the latter by provincial guarantee at 5 per cent. to the extent of \$6,500 per mile. It is well known there are substantial reasons why the Northern Pacific cannot come into Manitoba, and it is by the friends of foreign institutions that some kind of a disjointed or indirect system like this can be made to subserve, and an effort is to be made to secure it. In the first place the R.R.V. has cost the province solid cash, and nothing short of cash or its equivalent should be taken in payment for it. If Northern Pacific bonds are as good as cash, the company should have no hesitation in selling them themselves and handing over the proceeds. The province cannot afford to run any risk. The next difficulty in the way is the absence of legislation and the impossibility of passing it that will hold the Northern Pacific responsible for the construction, and operation successfully at competitive rates of the branch lines to be built, and that will not leave the N.P. responsible for the consequences under its present obligations. It appears to us responsibility cannot be avoided in that way. The third and fourth objections are the inability compared with the cost of such roads and the future burdens they are going to impose upon the people.

The purchase of monopoly on the basis it was arranged was a wise one, and one with which every sensible Manitoban fully agrees, but because the way is clear to do so is no reason the people should run themselves into debt irredeemably simply because they have the power to do so.

As the Northern Pacific has no outlet easterly farther than Duluth, the Manitoban branches to be operated under its auspices, can do but little winter export traffic, and no import business during the season the lakes are icebound. A few weeks ago a grave objection to the compromise resolutions suggested at this point lay in the fact the navigation of Manitoba rivers could not handle our wheat the year it was raised, and now the self same objectors propose to sink Manitoba, while the compromise proposition would not have burdened it a dollar, for a foreign railway system that can do no better.

The construction of these four hundred miles of line will sink Manitoba in \$2,600,000 of a guarantee liability, which, added to our present obligations for all sources at about \$2,500,000, will leave the province liable for 5 per cent. on a funded debt of over five millions, or \$250,000 a year, half our present income from all sources. But this is not all, as soon as these extensions are built, the people of Birtle, Minnedosa, Carberry, Glenboro, Virden, Hoesvane, etc., etc., that have just as good a right to a second road as Winnipeg, Portage, or Brandon, will clamor for it, and their representatives in the House will be instructed to make the building of such lines a condition of their support of the Government. It is then the province will have a taste of log rolling, no matter what party may be in power, that will end in financial ruin. The construction of the outlined branches will follow as a condition of the representatives' support until some 600 more miles at an additional cost in guarantee of four millions or upwards are the consequence. The province will then be blighted with a funded debt of say ten millions at 5 per cent. or half a million a year, more than all our present income from all sources. It may be as well to here remark our subsidies from Federal sources

cannot exceed that sum for many a year—they can only increase in the per capita item, and while our population may double and quadruple in a few years, no one expects to see more than a family on every quarter section in the life of the present generation, so that our population in any event cannot be large enough to greatly increase the subsidy, during the life of the guaranteed debentures.

In any event the great bulk of our imports whether from the east or the west must come by the C.P.R. no matter how many roads we may have, because of its connections, so the earnings of the proposed branches must, for the most part, be confined to the wheat trade a few months during navigation. They cannot then, under the circumstances we have related, especially having no through trade from the west, pay more than running expenses at reasonable rates, and not that at cut rates, and the province will be held for the interest of the guarantee, or half a million a year.

The genuine Grit will say, "O! the MAIL is only a C.P.R. organ and could not give competitive roads fair play any way"; but we have full historical authority in our own country for what we say. In 1854 the Hinks Government guaranteed the bonds of the Grand Trunk, just as the Greenway Government is going to guarantee the branch line bonds of Manitoba, and no one will say the Grand Trunk when it had the whole of the Canadian trade to itself did not do at least as good a business as the proposed branches can possibly do in Manitoba, and yet the Grand Trunk never paid a cent of either the interest or the principal of the Canadian guarantee. Both accumulated in the hands of the holders till they reached the snug little sum of twenty-three millions, when the Canadian Government had to pay all, and the amount now stands as the one-tenth of our national debt. Surely Hinks was as able a man as Mr. Greenway or our own immaculate Mr. James Allen Smart, and if his acknowledged financing talent was not able to arrange the matter to avert the subsequent calamity, we fail to see how the present representatives of Manitoba can do it. We say it in all candour we fail to see how branches built on such principles can, in the life of the present generation, pay running expenses; we see how that if one branch is built on such a basis more must follow; and it is to point out the consequent calamity the language of history says must follow, we write as we do. It is the duty of our representatives—nay, more—it is the duty of the taxpayers, individually and collectively, to speak before the silken rope is placed around their necks, which must eventually end in strangulation.

## NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Joe Martin's Liberator at the Portage, owned and run by Joe Martin's law partner, finds fault with the MAIL for having Federal advertisements, yet it raises no objections to floundering several "coats of arms" at a time in its own columns over advertisement for the Local Government. Neither had it a qualm of conscience to charge to cents a name for several voters' lists when the Government had an offer to do this work at 5 cents a name. As the hide of Libertines in general is tough, we know no reason why Joe Martin's tool should be an exception.

That Grit print, the Winnipeg Sun, to have a slap at Brandon, publishes the report of the Ottawa analysis, relating to four or five wells in the city, in which even the worst said is "Reasonably safe." To set the matter right, the print aforesaid should have given the whole of the report, and not selected that from a few wells the least used of any in the city. The travelling public who visit this city, one and all, declare no better water can be found in the country than is found here, and no healthier site for a city is to be met with in the North-west than that on which Brandon stands. This is in strong contrast with the Mudpots, the only clear things in which are its whiskey and Grit editorials, and these can be penetrated by the eyes of Grit politicians alone.

A short time ago a Winnipeg firm opened a tinware and stove business here, and put Mr. D. Philip in charge. From appearances Mr. Philip paid more attention to politics than he did to his employers' business, attending meetings all over this section in the late campaign, and the tinware business was closed up. The result is that Mr. Philip has been shelled into a snug berth in the Government buildings at Winnipeg. We do not want to say a word against Mr. Philip, but simply to show that notwithstanding their pre-election pledges of non partisanship, the intention is to fill the Government buildings to overflowing with partisans of the most pronounced type, not because of their special fitness for the office but as an acknowledgment of past political services. It may here be mentioned that when the scores of dismissed were disfranchised at the late elections, the men who have since taken their places had votes and voted Grit straight. We would also like to know what experience Mr. Philip has as a stationer, that he is pre-eminently qualified to take charge of the stationery department into which he has been thrown.

We have it from a gentleman whose word is beyond question, that in the late provincial elections a large sum of money was expended in South Brandon, a gentleman from this city in company with another from Plum Creek having distributed a large amount. Now, Mr. Graham, the gentleman elected, in whose interests the expenditures are alleged to have been made, is a great professor and a shining light in the church, and he should, to clear himself, make some inquiry into the circumstances, for his own satisfaction. Any candidate should see the law was not violated in his interest, but this should especially be the case with men of large professions. We are informed Mr. Kirchhoffer can give the name of one man who received from Mr. Graham's friends \$12 for his vote, and afterwards voted for Mr. K. The gentleman we refer to in the opening lines of this paragraph says Messrs. Michael Carey and Peter McPhillips got boodle for their votes and Messrs. Clink and Emery say they got money. We intend later on to publish some of the "devices" of the Grit candidates and their friends in the three ridings, that are now cropping out, but in the mean time we have thrown out these hints to Mr. Graham to enable him to ascertain for a fact whether it was on his own merits or those of his party or on those of cash expenditures that he was elected. To our mind it should be an ease to the conscience of a conscientious man to know for a fact whether he represented a constituency on his own merits or those of cash expenditures the same as Paddy Parcell, in Glangarry, Ontario.

The full text of the contract by which it is alleged the Northern Pacific is going to secure a footing in Manitoba and build and operate satisfactorily the branch lines asked for by the people, is now published, and is not in most essentials what the people were led to expect it would be. In the first place the public must understand the railway is not to be an extension of the N.P. J. W. Kendrick, T. F. Oakes, and Jas. McNaught with Mr. Martin propose to get through the Manitoba legislature, at a special session this month, a special charter, which provides two Manitobans, selected by the Government, shall be directors, but the other three may be any persons the Local company or the N.P. may think proper. This is all the connection that exists in the whole contract between the Northern Pacific and the Government—all the rest of the conditions are between the Local company and the Government. There is no provision even that the Northern Pacific is to operate or be responsible for the operation of the road. The Government goes into a contract to be responsible for 5 per cent. interest on \$6,400 a mile for every mile of the proposed lines from the boundary to Winnipeg, thence to the Portage and from Morris to Brandon, for 25 years in case the road does not pay the cost of operation, and we fail to see a single line in the document by which the province will, even at the expiration of that time, be relieved from the face of the bonds which will amount to many millions.

Neither does the agreement give the people any assurance the rates will not be subject to pooling or extortionate. It is true the agreement provides the Government can regulate the rates on the local lines but no farther than the boundary, but as the Free Press used to say—"once to the boundary what then?" The Government under this agreement has no control over the rates to be charged by the Northern Pacific and its connections, on our wheat from the boundary eastward or on our imports from the east to the boundary. Though pooling is prohibited it is also only in so far as the branches in Manitoba are concerned—the N.P. can pool or do what it likes with the rates afterwards. Neither is there a provision in the contract by which the line may not pass into the hands of the C.P.R. or any other company. Of course, there is a provision by which the Company cannot sell to the C.P.R. or any of its allies directly but it may sell to any other parties, and, of course, the second parties can sell to whom they please—C.P.R. or any one else. There is but one way by which this could be averted, and even many Martin has overlooked this—That is the insertion of a clause that would compel the company, when selling, to sell either to the Government or parties they might select. This precaution, however, has not been taken. There is no doubt but that Manitoba will get the branch lines but there is no assurance they will be what even the Grit party says we should have—a competitor with the C.P.R., a road that cannot pass into the hands of the C.P.R., a road that cannot pool, or a road that will not involve the province in millions of a funded debt. If the Government had only made an effort to arrange with the Grand Trunk, its directorate being a British institution could be held for all the guarantees Manitobans could hold for in all the vital essentials stated. The country wants railways, but those in authority should have the history of railway building in Ontario before them, and see they are not bought for any point too dearly; and above all one ought first to be given to sections of the country without any before they are duplicated and triplicated in other localities.

SMYTH BROS.,  
—DEALERS IN—

**Stoves and Tinware,**  
Cutlery, Granite Ware,  
Lamps, Chimneys,  
Wringers, Ice Cream Freezers,  
Refrigerators, Water Coolers,

**Coal and Machine**

Tin and Galvanized Roofing and  
Eave-Troughing, Hot Air Furnaces a  
Specialty.

Rosser Avenue

Brandon.

## Prevention and Cure.

IF YOU ARE STRONG AND HEALTHY

Be glad of it, and show your wisdom by supplying your system with strong nourishment, that will not only satisfy your hunger, but which will enrich your blood and build up every part of your body—brain, bone and muscle—and fortify you against the attacks of disease.

IF YOU ARE SICK

Your case demands food that in the smallest bulk contains power and nutriment that can be easily digested by the weakest stomach. And the food that will supply both these demands is



**The Great Strength Giver.**  
**Farmers and Threshers**  
**Take Notice.**

USE NONE BUT

**McCOLL'S LARDINE OIL!**

Unequalled in lubricating qualities and guaranteed not to gum.  
Beware of Concocted and Inferior Oils.

Extra Cylinder No. 1 Engine Lard Oils,  
Challenge and Eureka Machine, Bolt cutting,  
Harness Oil and Axle Grease always in stock.

Sold by **JOHNSON & Co. and WILSON & Co. only,**  
BRANDON, MANITOBA.

Beware of other dealers selling this Oil.

McCOLL Bros. &amp; Co., Sole Manufacturers, Toronto.



## Bell Farm Machinery.

I have received all the  
immense stock of Machinery  
off this farm consisting of:—

**Steam Threshing****Machines,****American Reaping Binders,****Brantford Binders,****Rakes,****Seeders Wagons,****Sulkey Plows,****Gang Plows,****Spring Tooth Harrows,****Acma Harrows,****Dish Harrows,****Iron Harrows, &c**

All of which will be sold at

**Rock Bottom****Prices.**

Also the PATTERSON NEW

**STEEL BINDER.****New Moodle Thresher,****Joseph Hall Thresher,****The Decker and Stand-****ard Threshers,****Wood and Straw Burn-****ing Engines.****THE LARGEST****and most Complete****Stock of MACHI-****NERY in the****Province.**

Do not fail to See my

Stock before getting any

kinds of Implements.

**W. JOHNSTON,**

9th Street Brandon.

## Sore from Knee to Ankle.

Skin entirely gone. Flesh a mass of  
ulcers. Long discharging one third in  
size. Condition hopeless. Cured by  
the CUTICURA Remedies.

For three years I was afflicted with a most  
terrible skin disease. My flesh was  
entirely gone. The flesh was a mass of  
ulcers. Long discharging one third in  
size. Condition hopeless. Cured by  
the CUTICURA Remedies. After trying all  
kinds of remedies and spending hundreds of  
dollars, I got no relief whatever. I was  
persuaded to try your CUTICURA Remedies, and the result was  
as follows: After three days I noticed a decided  
change for the better, and at the end of two months  
I was completely cured. My flesh was perfect, and  
the ulcer (which had been exposed for over a year)  
was healed. The flesh began to grow, and today, and  
for nearly two years past, my leg is as well as ever it  
was, and in every respect, and not a sign of the  
disease is to be seen.

S. G. AHERN, Duluth, Dodge Co., Minn.

## Terrible Suffering from Skin Diseases.

I have been a terrible sufferer for years from  
diseases of the skin and blood, and have been obliged to  
suffer in public places by reason of my disgusting  
condition. Have had the best of physicians and spent  
hundreds of dollars, but got no relief until I used the  
CUTICURA Remedies, which have cured me, and left  
my skin clear and my blood as pure as a child's.

THOMAS R. BASS,

Grove Branch, P. M., Minn.

## From 145 Pounds to 172 Pounds.

I have taken several bottles of CUTICURA Remedies  
year with all the results I could wish for. About  
this time last year, when commencing my cure, I weighed  
145 pounds, and to-day I weigh 172 pounds.

GEO. CAMPBELL, Washington, D.C.

NOTE.—THE CUTICURA Remedies is beyond all  
doubt the greatest blood purifier ever compounded.CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA Soap  
are requisite to cleanse the system externally, and from  
within. CUTICURA, the new Blood Purifier, internally,  
is a positive cure for every form of Skin and Blood  
Disease, from Pimples to Scalds.Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, The Soap,  
25c.; CUTICURA, \$1.50. Prepared by the  
F. J. D. & CO. at Lowell, Mass.Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases,"  
64 pages, 20 illustrations, and 10 testimonials.

## LOST OR FOUND

## Pony Lost.

A CREAM MARE, black mare and tall, and  
front, about 14 hands 4 inches high. Left Brandon  
on the 11th. The finder will be rewarded by  
leaving information as to where to find it at the  
office of the P. R. Telegraph Office, Brandon.

THOS. A. B. PARES.

## FO R SALE.

LOT No. 23, Block 41, Sect. 23, Brandon. Lot 39,  
Lot 41, Block 21, Sect. 23, Brandon.

Apply to

JOHN McS. OTTY,

79 McWilliam St.,

Winnipeg.

## WANTED.

WANTED Employment for Man and wife, skilled  
cleaning, Clerks or literary work, or employment  
with an English farmer. No agent needed with  
References exchanged.

Address

A. B. MAIL OFFICE.



### Woolen Manufacturers Combine

Representing Nasal Balm the sovereign remedy for Catarrh. Mr. Horatio Collier, Woolen Manufacturer, Camerontown, Ont., states: "Nasal Balm is the only positive remedy for Catarrh that I ever used."

### Halifax Cotton Company.

Halifax, Aug. 1.—The shareholders of the Halifax Cotton Company to-day resolved to increase \$100,000 for working capital on six per cent. debentures. The company sold \$260,000 worth of goods last year.

### HANGED BY A MOB

Windsor, Tenn., Aug. 1.—A mob of 50 men entered the jail at Carthage, Smith county, last night and taking W. Handley, who had been sentenced to the gallows, they hanged him to a tree. The sheriff and his men were engaged in a struggle with the mob and about 30 were killed. Handley was killed by Sheriff Warman. The mob was trying to rescue a prisoner who had been sentenced to the gallows.

### "Wooden-Headed."

Windsor, Tenn., Aug. 1.—A mob of 50 men entered the jail at Carthage, Smith county, last night and taking W. Handley, who had been sentenced to the gallows, they hanged him to a tree. The sheriff and his men were engaged in a struggle with the mob and about 30 were killed. Handley was killed by Sheriff Warman. The mob was trying to rescue a prisoner who had been sentenced to the gallows.

### MARRIED.

McLACHLAN—At St. Matthew's Church, Brandon, on Monday, Aug. 1, by the Rev. E. P. Hewelling, Mr. A. M. Lett, Conductor C.P.R., to Miss H. McLachlan, formerly of Templeton, Ont.

### Lost.

Lost on Thursday, Aug. 2nd, black leather bag, high. Any one finding it, please bring it to my residence, 100 Main St., Brandon, P.O. G. CORBE.

## Bonanza!

Which may never Occur Again.

Sunday amount from 25cts and receive, post-paid, a package of first-class

## NOVELS!

slightly damaged, but all Complete, and

Worth 10 Times the Money

As we have only a limited supply send at once or you will get left.

First Come!  
First Served!

AT THE  
The MAIL Bookstore,  
Brandon.  
NEXT THE P.O.

### CATARRH.

New Home Treatment for the Cure of Catarrh, Nasal, Throat and Eye.

The microscope has proved that these diseases are contagious, and that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the interlining membrane of the upper air passages and mucous membrane. The eminent scientists, Tyndall, Huxley and Pasteur, and these authorities cannot be disputed. The regular method of treating these diseases has been to apply an irritant remedy weekly, and even daily, thus keeping the delicate membrane in a constant state of irritation, allowing it no chance to heal, and as a natural consequence of such treatment not one permanent cure has ever been recorded. It is an absolute fact that these diseases cannot be cured by any application made oftener than once in two weeks, for the membrane must get a chance to heal before an application is repeated. It is now seven years since Mr. Dixon discovered the parasite in catarrh and formulated his new treatment, and since then his remedy has become a household word in every country where the English language is spoken. Cases effected by his seven years ago are cures still, there having been no return of the disease.

So highly are these remedies valued, that ignorant imitators have started up everywhere, pretending to destroy a parasite, of which they know nothing, by remedies, the results of the application of which they are equally ignorant. Mr. Dixon's remedy is applied only once in two weeks, and from one to three applications effect a permanent cure in the most aggravated cases.

Mr. Dixon sends a pamphlet describing his new treatment on the receipt of stamps to new postage. The address is A. H. Dixon & Son, 243 King Street West, Toronto, Canada.—Scientific American.

**PILES! PILES! Itching Piles.** Sufferers from itching piles and stinging, smarting, itching, and burning, should use Dr. Dixon's remedy. It is applied to the piles, and it cures them. It is not a cure, but a cure. It is not a cure, but a cure. It is not a cure, but a cure.

**POKERS, HOTS, SCALDS, Burns, etc.** The simple application of Dr. Dixon's remedy, without any internal medicine, will cure any case of Piles, Burns, Scalds, Pains, Itch, Sore, Pimples, Eruptions, Etc. It is not a cure, but a cure. It is not a cure, but a cure. It is not a cure, but a cure.

**YOUNG MEN—READ THIS.** The Young Men's Club, of Marshall Mich. advertises their celebrated Electric-Voltaic Belt and other electric appliances on trial for 30 days. For details, send for a free pamphlet. It is not a cure, but a cure. It is not a cure, but a cure. It is not a cure, but a cure.

**Drunkards, or the Ignorant Habit, can be cured by Dr. Dixon's Golden Specific.** It can be given to a couple of dollars or ten without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure. It is not a cure, but a cure. It is not a cure, but a cure. It is not a cure, but a cure.

**FOR \$1.00** WE WILL SEND by mail (post-paid) to any address, 35 papers of assorted 1st and 2nd class, and a package of first-class. Address: CHESTER & CO. A. 19-41, 547 Main St., Winnipeg, Man.

**HOW MY BACK ACHES!** Backache, Rheumatism, Stiffness, Sprains, Strains and Pains relieved in one minute by the Cuticura and Pains Plaster. The Best and Most Effective Plaster for Pains.

With or without Denison's Patent Index. Edition of 1887 Enlarged. By the addition of A New Pronouncing Biographical Dictionary of nearly 12,000 persons, and A New Pronouncing Gazetteer of the World, noting and locating over 2,000 places.

Containing also Over 12,500 New Words, recently added, together with A Table of 5,000 Words in General Use, with their Synonyms. Illustrated with wood cuts and full page plates. The National Standard of American Literature.

Every edition of Longfellow, Holmes, Bryant, Irving, Whittier, and other eminent American authors, follows Worcester. It presents the language of all English writers. It is the authority of all the leading magazines and newspapers of the country and of the National Department at Washington.

For sale at the MAIL Bookstore, Brandon. J. B. LIPINCOTT Company, Publishers, 715 and 717 Market Street, Philadelphia.

**ANY MAN** Who is Weak, Nervous, Debilitated, who in his Folly and Ignorance has trifled away his Vigor of Body, Mind and Manhood, causing exhausting drains upon the Fountains of Life, Headache, Backache, Dropsical Swellings, Weakness of Memory, Bachelors in Society, Pimples upon the Face and all the Effects leading to Early Decay, Consumption or Inanity, will find in our specific No. 2, a Positive Cure. It invigorates Youthful vigor restores Vital Power in old and young, strengthens and invigorates the Brain and Nerves, builds up the muscular system and restores the action of the whole physical energy of the human frame. With our specific No. 2, the most obstinate case can be cured in three months, and recent cases in less than thirty days. Each package contains two weeks treatment. Price \$2. Cures Guaranteed. Our specific No. 2 is an infallible Cure for all Private Diseases no matter how long standing. Sold under our version. Guaranteed to effect a Cure. Price \$2. Toronto Medicine Co., Toronto, Ont.

### Perfect Fits.

IF YOU WANT A Cheap & Neat Fitting Suit—Call on—

L. STOCKTON,  
Next to Dr. Fleming's Drug Store.

Fashionable Spring Suite FROM \$16 UP.

All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. Bring along your cash and we will make prices suit you.

L. STOCKTON,  
Pioneer Tailor.

MEDICAL HALL,  
Rosser Ave. - Brandon.

Halpin's Sarsaparilla,  
For the Blood and Skin Diseases so prevalent at this season of the year. A SURE REMEDY.

Halpin's Hair Promoter  
Counteracts the effect of Alkali Water on the Hair.

HALPIN'S HORSE AND CATTLE REMEDIES  
Give perfect satisfaction.

Physicians' Prescriptions  
Prepared Day or Night by Competent Dispensers.

N. J. HALPIN,  
CHEMIST & DRUGGIST,

BRANDON, MAN.  
IF YOU INTEND TO VISIT IN ONTARIO, QUEBEC

United States or Europe, BE SURE TO CALL AT THE OFFICE OF THE

ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS AND MANITOBA RAILWAY,  
276 Main Street, Winnipeg.

And secure your Through Tickets VIA ST. VINCENT, and have your baggage checked through to destination, and through sleeping car berths secured.

Lowest Rates! Quickest Time! Best Accommodation! And Greater Choice of Routes!

Then offered by any other line. Go through it, both cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul, also Detroit, Chicago and other fine American cities, and travel through the finest country in America.

**Southern Excursion and Round Trip Tickets at Very Low Rates.** All first class Ocean Lines Represented. For rates and full particulars call upon, or address H. G. McICKEN,

Agent St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry. 276 Main St., Cor. Portage Ave., Winnipeg.

Take Street Cars direct from Depot to Ticket Office.

All baggage for Canadian points is bonded through without examination at customs.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
From West.	
St. Paul, Minn.	7:30 P.M.
Chicago, Ill.	7:30 P.M.
St. Paul, Minn.	7:30 P.M.
Chicago, Ill.	7:30 P.M.
St. Paul, Minn.	7:30 P.M.
Chicago, Ill.	7:30 P.M.
St. Paul, Minn.	7:30 P.M.
Chicago, Ill.	7:30 P.M.
St. Paul, Minn.	7:30 P.M.
Chicago, Ill.	7:30 P.M.

FARE.	1st Class.	2nd Class.
From Winnipeg to St. Paul	\$1.00	\$0.75
" " " Chicago	\$1.25	\$0.90
" " " Detroit	\$1.50	\$1.00
" " " New York	\$2.00	\$1.25
To Liverpool or Glasgow	\$3.50	\$2.25

**For Dyspepsia.** WAIT'S HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC is a certain and speedy cure. It is worth its weight in gold for the treatment of this distressing disease. A full treatise on Dyspepsia, with directions for its prevention and cure, with each package, worth of itself \$2.00 to those who are afflicted. If your druggist does not keep it, a package will be sent by mail on receipt of price, \$1. Thousands of genuine testimonials. Address Wait Homeopathic Laboratory, JOHN T. WAIT, Prop., Amherst, Ont.

**LADIES** OUR FRENCH REGULATING PILLS are endorsed by Thousands of Ladies who use them MONTHLY.

Never fail. Relieve pain. Insure regularity. Pleasant and effectual. Package sent by mail secure from observation on receipt of \$2. Correspondence confidential. Address Toronto Medicine Co., P.O. Box 576 Toronto, Ont.

## REMOVED!

R. McLEAN, ANCHOR HOUSE.

HARDWARE. have removed to his new premises formerly known as the GOLDEN LION which is newly fitted up with PLATE GLASS FRONT and remodeled throughout.

Having received a very liberal amount of the Public Patronage heretofore I would ask a further continuance of the same from my old Customers in my New Premises and as many new ones as feel so disposed to Patronise me. As my New Store is much larger than the one I lately occupied. I am in a position to

EXHIBIT MY STOCK

Shelf Hardware, Harvest Tools, Paints, Oils, Glass, House Furnishing Goods, Cutlery, Granite and Tinware, Lamp Goods, &c., to better advantage than before.

I have also a large consignment of PURE MANILLA

Binding Twine!

BARB WIRE! Don't forget my NEW STORE between 8th & 9th St.

R. McLEAN, ANCHOR HOUSE.

Hosmer Avenue, Brandon.

A Positive Cure. A Painless Cure.

FACTS FOR MEN OF ALL AGES.

M. V. LUBON'S SPECIFIC NO. 8, THE GREAT HEALTH REGENERATOR, Cures the terrible consequences of Indiscretion, Exposure and Overwork.

YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN Who are broken down from the effects of abuse will find in No. 8 a radical cure for nervous debility, organic weakness, involuntary vital losses, etc.

Symptoms for which No. 8 is a cure:—Want of energy, vertigo, want of purpose, dimness of sight, aversion to society, want of confidence, avoidance of conversation, desire for solitude, listlessness and inability to fix the attention on a particular subject, cowardice, depression of spirits, phlegm, loss of memory, excitability of temper, spermatorrhoea, or loss of the seminal fluid—the result of self abuse or marital excess—impotency, incontinence, emaciation, barrenness, palpitation of the heart, hysterical feelings in females, trembling, unsteady gait, distressing dreams, etc. are all symptoms of this terrible habit, oftentimes inoperably acquired. In short, the spring of vital force having lost its tension, every function wanes in consequence. Scientific writers and the superintendents of insane asylums unite in ascribing to the effects of self abuse the great majority of wasted lives which come under their notice. If you are incompetent for the arduous duties of business, incapacitated for the enjoyments of life, No. 8 offers an escape from the effects of early vice. If you are advanced in years, No. 8 will give you full vigor and strength. If you are broken down, physically and morally, from early indiscretion, the result of ignorance and folly, send your address and 10 cents in stamps for M. V. Lubon's treatise in Book Form on Diseases of Man. Sealed and secure from observation. Address all communications to M. V. LUBON, 47 Wellington St. E., Toronto. A Man without wisdom lives in a fool's paradise. CURES GUARANTEED. HEAL THE SICK.

A Permanent Cure. A Pleasant Cure.

HEALTH FOR ALL!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT.

Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.

They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For children and the aged, they are precisely.

THE OINTMENT Is an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers. It is famous for Gout and Rheumatism. For disorders of the Chest it has no equal.

For Sore Throats, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds. Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases it has no rival; and for contracted and stiff joints it acts like a charm.

Manufactured only at Thomas Holloway's Establishment, 78, NEW OXFORD STREET (late 531 OXFORD STREET), LONDON. And are sold at 1s. 6d., 4s. 6d., 11s. 6d., and 15s. each Box or Pot, and may be obtained from all the Dispensaries and Chemists throughout the World, and may be purchased from the following London Agents:—Messrs. J. & A. Leitch, 11, Abchurch Lane, E.C. 4. Purchasers should look to the Label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is not 78, Oxford St., London, they are spurious.



## THE VERY LATEST BY WIRE

Dewdney and Haggart Appointed to Vacancies in the Cabinet.

A Story That Reads Like a Romance Two Murderers at Large.

Estate of Late John Ogilvie—Important Failure in Toronto.

Jesuits Extending—Damage by Drought—Flagship Coming.

## CANADIAN.

HALIFAX, July 30.—Garrett Roach, keeper of a sailors' boarding house, his little son and nephew named Wells, were drowned in the harbor to-day through a small upsetting their boat. The bodies have not been recovered and it is not likely they will be as the undercurrents are likely to carry them to sea.

KINGSTON, July 30.—Mrs. S. W. Abbott, of Toronto, fell off one of the wharves to-night and was drowned. She only arrived here on Saturday to pay her respects to her dead father, whose funeral took place yesterday.

MONTREAL, July 30.—Nathan Kennedy, live stock importer, has assigned. The liabilities are \$150,000. The principal creditor is J. A. Haines & Co., \$74,000.

SHERBROOKE, Que., July 31.—Lamontagne, the man who tried to murder his sister's husband at Wolfeston, has been arrested yesterday for forging the name of Henry O'Hara, manager of the Temperance and General Life Assurance company, to two cheques of \$10 and \$30. Miller was remanded.

OTTAWA, July 31.—Police Magistrate G. W. Rochester gave his decision in the case of those charged with creating a disturbance at the Methodist church in Hazelton on June 1 last, the case not having been sent to the assizes, as reported. The following persons were fined \$10 each and costs of ten days imprisonment: John Kemp, Robert Grant, Henry Bradley, W. Alexander, T. H. Walls, R. Wallis, V. Cheney, N. Argue, J. Harten, J. Harten, Jr., T. Hand, C. Corbett, J. Ami and W. Mitchell.

MONTREAL, July 31.—Sir Donald Smith is out of danger, but his convalescence, it is feared, will be slow.

OTTAWA, July 30.—A. N. Greenfield, of the railways and canals department, a young man of about 30 years of age, was drowned at 3 o'clock this afternoon, while bathing in the Rideau canal, near the exhibition grounds. The deceased was a native of Nova Scotia, and was ten years in the service. His father died ten months ago.

VICTORIA, July 31.—On Saturday evening four young men hired a sail boat to go to Race Rocks. The party consisted of T. Argyle, A. Williams, A. Vanderlinis and H. E. Lavitt Smith, a school teacher at Race Rocks. This morning Indians arrived at Esquimaux and reported a man drowned in a boat about three miles outside of Esquimaux harbor. The men were immediately proceeded to the place indicated and found the boat bottom up, a small portion of the stern under water, and on it the name "Albatross." Looking below the surface the body of Smith was discovered with his foot under one of the seats. The body was recovered, but the others are not yet found.

MONTREAL, Aug. 1.—At the conclusion of the annual retreat of the Jesuit fathers this morning the superior intimated that the society had determined to open a scholastic establishment at Saint Ste. Marie, and that Rev. Father Devlin, S. J., nephew of the late Bernard Devlin, would start on Monday next to take charge of it.

MONTREAL, Aug. 1.—A gang of American confidence men are doing a rushing trade here. This morning they swindled an Illinois horse dealer named McCallan out of \$300, and last night a French Canadian farmer of \$200.

MONTREAL, Aug. 1.—The long continued dry weather is having a most disastrous effect upon the crops in this district. Potatoes are almost a complete failure, and cattle in the back country are dying for want of water. Statistics show this to be the driest year in twenty years.

MONTREAL, Aug. 1.—J. N. Greenfield has received instructions from some of the English shareholders of the Dominion company to take action against the directors, alleging fraud.

QUEBEC, Aug. 1.—The flagship Bellerophon, accompanied by two other frigates of the North American fleet, will visit this port at the end of the present month.

QUEBEC, Aug. 1.—A heavy thunder and lightning storm passed over the city yesterday afternoon. During its prevalence the electric light entered Ouellette's dwelling in Dauphine street, subsequently visiting Vallee's residence in St. Roch, giving him a temporary paralytic shock. It struck a milking cow at Charlesburg, breaking a milkmaid's arm, killing a cow and paralyzing a man who was holding her, and who has since died. It prostrated people in the different parts of the city, and played numerous freaks with the telephone, stopping communication and knocking down those who approached the instruments.

KINGSTON, Aug. 1.—A vigorous committee of hoteliers has been formed to secure signatures to a petition praying for the repeal of the Scott act in Frontenac. The time in which repeal could not be had is up in 1887.

KINGSTON, Aug. 1.—Rev. J. W. Sparling, B. D., president of the Montreal Methodist conference, will accept the presidency of Wesley college, Winnipeg, tendered him some days since. He will not remove here until next June.

TORONTO, July 31.—The creditors of D. J. Kelly, coal and wood dealer, and L. H. Sprigins, dry goods, are anxious for their return to the city, but it is feared they have gone to stay. The latter's estate will realize about \$8,000, but his liabilities are about \$15,000.

TORONTO, July 31.—Owen Jones, a prominent engineer of New Zealand, whose name has been so intimately associated with the Canadian Pacific cable scheme, arrived here last night and held a conference with Sandford Fleming. He then left for the east.

NEWTON, July 31.—Nelson, the Atlanta

defaulter, was again up before the magistrate to-day. There being no one to appear against him he was discharged. He at once left town, going east.

TORONTO, July 31.—The Canadian Press association held its annual meeting to-day. Rev. Mr. Dewart was elected president. The association left on an excursion to Portland this evening. A vote of thanks was passed to the Minister of Justice and government for returns in the libel law at last session.

## AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Bartley Campbell, dramatist, who for some time has been confined in the asylum for the insane, died to-day of general paralysis.

CHICAGO, July 30.—A sensational bulge in wheat overtook all other operations on Change to-day. The instant the bell tapped for the opening there ensued a tremendous clamor. Prices opened three cents over the close at noon Saturday, in New York two cents over the close Saturday afternoon here, and 14 cents higher at St. Louis. The jump was something amazing, following the unusual advance of two cents and one-half cent the close of last week. About noon a second bulge sent prices even higher than before, with August up to 84 cents, September 82 cents, December 87 cents, an advance of 22 cents for September and December. Then prices eased on realizing sales to 85 cents for August, 84 cents for September, and 86 cents for December, and there they rested shortly before the close.

## FOREIGN.

LONDON, July 30.—The House of Commons went into committee to-night on the bill to investigate the charge against Mr. Parnell. Mr. Sexton moved to increase the number of judges in the commission to five, if it was to enquire into the whole history of the National League, extending over nine years. If the league embraced members in every part of the world it would take several years before the enquiry could be finished. Three judges were not sufficient unless the enquiry were limited.

The amendment was voted down by a majority of 43, the vote standing 190 ayes to 233 nays. (Conservative cheer.)

Replying to the suggestion of Mr. Parnell, the Solicitor-General for Ireland agreed to adjourn the trial of Mr. O'Kelly to enable him to vote on the commission bill.

Mr. Smith having proposed that the commission consist of Justices Hannen, Day and Smith, Mr. Labouchere protested against the selection of Justice Day.

Upon division the vote stood: For Justice Day 263, against him 180. The names of Justice Hannen and Justice Smith were agreed to without a division.

Mr. Anderson moved to omit the word "allegations" in the clause empowering the commission to inquire into the charges and allegations against certain members of the House of Commons.

Mr. Sexton contended that the word was vague and useless, giving, in his opinion, an indefinite scope to the inquiry.

After nearly three hours' discussion the amendment was rejected by 265 to 200.

R. E. Reed (Liberal), proposed an amendment restricting the inquiry to accusations of complicity in murder or violence.

LONDON, July 31.—Mr. Parnell, in an interview with the United Press correspondent to-day, concerning the charges made by him in the House of Commons last night against Mr. Chamberlain, that the latter had divulged cabinet secrets, said he did not intend to pursue the matter further until the royal commission began its work. He would then put Mr. Chamberlain in the witness box. This step, he declared, was part of his case in general in refutation of the Times's charges. Mr. Chamberlain was subsequently seen. He declared he did not attach the slightest importance to Mr. Parnell's statements. He had not up to the present thought of replying, but, of course, it was impossible to forestall the course of night's debate in the House of Commons.

BELGIUM, July 31.—It is reported here that a prominent French naval officer has been arrested at Kiel for loitering around the navy yards and arsenals at that place, on the charge of being a spy.

LONDON, July 30.—The Privy Council has refused leave to appeal in Forsyth v. Bury, arising out of the sale of the island of Antioch. Forsyth's counsel contended that the appeal raised the question of validity of the Dominion incorporating the Antioch company. The Privy Council held that this question should have been raised in the Canadian courts, when the decree was granted under which Bury obtained the land in question, namely, one-sixth of the island. The council now re-opened the question. The application was dismissed with costs.

DUBLIN, July 31.—The libel action of W. O'Brien against the Cork Constitution has resulted in a verdict in favor of O'Brien for £150 damages. He claimed £5,000. Mr. O'Brien left Cork for Dublin last night. A great crowd assembled the station to see him off, and much enthusiasm was displayed. Mr. O'Brien, speaking from the train, said he considered the verdict to his libel suit a death blow to "Parnellism and crime."

LONDON, July 31.—Major General Cameron leaves Liverpool on the Saratoga on Friday, to assume the duties of commandant of the Royal Military college.

LONDON, July 31.—The race for the Stewart cup was run at Goodwood to-day, and was won by F. Bismarck second and Shrew third.

BELGIUM, July 31.—Emperor William intends to meet Queen Victoria as soon as possible, probably at Baden. Immediately on reaching Rome the emperor will visit the pope at the Lateran before going to Quirinal.

LONDON, July 31.—The Chronicle's Rome dispatch says Emperor William will not only visit King Humbert at Rome, but will sojourn at the Quirinal and hold receptions at the German embassy.

LONDON, July 31.—With reference to Prince Ferdinand, it has been decided that he shall be assisted to maintain his position in Bulgaria. Last evening Swoboda, the chief organ of the Sofia government, declared that the abdication of Prince Ferdinand does not depend upon the will of any power whatever; that he was raised to the throne by the Bulgarian nation and will remain as long as he preserves the affection and confidence of the people. The Orleans family has held a council at Coburg to consider the situation. Princess Clementine,

the mother of Prince Ferdinand, the Duke of Montpensier, and others were present. The Russian government distrusts more than ever Prince Bismarck's diplomacy with reference to Bulgaria. The Moscow Gazette and the Svea are no longer content with demanding the deposition of Prince Ferdinand from the throne of Bulgaria as a guarantee of Germany's good faith, but demand that Prince Bismarck be first dismissed. It is notable as illustrating how little the effect of the Emperor William's visit to St. Petersburg modifies the anti-German hostility seen in the articles of the Pan-Slavist press.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The debate on the bill for the appointment of a commission to inquire into the charges against Mr. Parnell was resumed in the House of Commons last evening. W. H. Smith moved the suspension of the standing order, under which the discussion on the commission bill would be interrupted at midnight. Mr. Parnell protested against the suspension of the order. He said it was an amendment to continue the discussion of a cause of first importance after the house had been sitting nine hours. Mr. Smith's motion was adopted by a vote of 231 to 159. Mr. Gladstone and the other leaders of the opposition voted with the minority, and were cheered by the Parnellites.

Mr. Parnell resumed the debate on Mr. Reid's proposal to restrict the inquiry into the conduct of his associates and to the accusations of murder and violence. He also repeated his charges against Chamberlain, having betrayed cabinet secrets, which elicited a denial from that gentleman.

In the division on Mr. Reid's amendment the house voted 249 against it, and 197 for it. Mr. Anderson moved an amendment that the charges to be investigated by the commission be defined in the schedule. Mr. Matthews opposed the motion. The amendment was then rejected by a vote of 245 against 200.

John Malloy, member for Kings county, Ireland, proposed an amendment to modify the clause regarding the allegations made, so as to include only such of them as the commission might think fit to investigate. Mr. Matthews objected, saying that the amendment was useless, since the judges already had the power to select such of the charges as they decided worthy of an inquiry.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The full text of Premier Crisp's despatches concerning the Masso wath dispute has been published. The despatches assert that the deliberate and habitual unfriendliness of France toward Italy is due to national jealousy. A circular note on the matter is now being prepared by M. Goblet, French Minister of Foreign Affairs.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—To-day was the second day of the Goodwood race meeting. The feature of the programme was the race for the Clarendon cup. It was won by Cantharus, Listman second, and Handicap third.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—In his report which will be presented at the Panama canal company's meeting to-morrow, M. De Lesseps denounces what he designates as the disgraceful attempts to ruin the company, and begs his countrymen to come to the relief of the company by taking literary bonds.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Dr. Schwenforter, belated Stanley may have reached the southern end of the continent, and is directed to the district of Baïr Gazel, from which there are two available routes to Wadai. Stanley, he thinks, is safe, unless his supply of ammunition has become exhausted.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—There is a rumor that Justice Day has declined the place offered him on the Parnell commission.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The names of five priests who have been prominent as advocates of resistance to extradition on the Vandeul estates have been forwarded by the clerical authorities to the pope; also a report with regard to Father McKenna, of Kilrush, who on July 17, openly and before other priests and the magistrate, informed Colonel Trivner of the Hussars that only the solvent tenants would be allowed to join the plan of campaign on the Vandeul estates.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The strike which originated in Paris a few days ago in defection of a few hundred navvies, has extended to the inclusion of thousands of that class of workmen and threatens to involve an immense number of more skilled laborers. As usual, not to say invariably, in such cases the industrial cities, and in London as well, the strike has attracted a great many Socialists to the scene, most of them coming from Belgium. This element has for several days been industriously sowing the seeds of discord among laboring men not necessarily affected by the strike of navvies, and unless the police are more alert and show firmer disposition to quell prevailing disorders, control of the city will be constantly passing in possession through the principal streets of the city will become too strong for them to handle and their dispersion ultimately will be given over to hands of the more numerous and harshly inclined soldiery. Among the gendarmes the workingmen, real or self-styled, find much sympathy and his acts of lawlessness upon occasions similar to the present strike are in a great measure overlooked and endorsed; but with the military different methods prevail. The fact that the socialists have taken part in the contest between the employee and employer, now being waged in the French capital, must finally prove of great disadvantage to the strikers, despite the fact that the baronages of leaders of the communistic party are having a great effect in swelling the ranks of the pariahs and presumably bringing into the struggle laborers who otherwise would hold themselves aloof from participation in the fight. Converts from the latter class, however, are comparatively small in number, while the greater number of recruits are of the class of men who never work but live upon the earnings of those who do.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The debate on the Parnell commission bill was resumed in the house this evening. Mr. Balfour said Mr. Matthews' speech of last night contained what the government had stated all along. Sir Lyon Playfair contended that Mr. Matthews enormously extended the scope of the bill. Mr. Matthews now stated that the enquiry was into an organization which induced crime, whereas the Liberals had been led to believe that the bill was for the purpose of enabling certain members to clear their characters.

Mr. Bradlaugh declared that Mr. Matthews had made out an absolutely new case. Mr. Chamberlain reiterated that he would have been glad if the range of the

proposed inquiry had been limited, but he had never suggested a limit regarding persons. Mr. Gladstone said that the government's argument had been entirely and absolutely changed.

## PAN-AMERICANISM.

The Third Council's Work and Close.

(Specially Written for The Mail.)  
LONDON, July 19.—In my previous communications I gave your readers an account of the opening of the Lambeth conference at Canterbury cathedral, of the services at Westminster abbey, and of the special services at the Mansion house, where the bishops were entertained by the Mayor of London, and the Lady Mayoress. It is not my privilege to give you an account of the way in which the work of the Lambeth council was conducted, nor a review of the addresses, inasmuch as the work of the council was conducted with closed doors, differing in this respect from the Pan-Slavic byzantine council, which had open doors to the public at all its exercises.

It is stated, however, by the faculty of one of the bishops, to give you an estimate of the work laid before the council by the programme which guided the bishops. There was first of all, as already noticed, the preliminary service and reception at Canterbury, after which on the following Monday evening was held the special exercises in Westminster abbey. The object of these exercises was to hold at Lambeth Palace on the Sunday morning of the 24th of July, the first of the council was conducted with closed doors, differing in this respect from the Pan-Slavic byzantine council, which had open doors to the public at all its exercises.

This, so far, is the programme conducted with the business side of the council. The benefits coming to and flowing from a representative gathering such as this are not alone when the bishops are by themselves in conference, but also, and in a very important sense, principally when they and the outside world, so to speak, come together. Opportunities have been offered by distinguished personages in London for the visitors from different parts of the world to meet in a social way members of the English church in this great metropolis. The hospitalities of many homes and many hearts have been freely offered to the bishops, and the acceptance of these has brought mutual benefits.

One day's services are worthy of special mention. The annual meeting of the society for the propagation of the gospel, was held on one of the conference days. The members of the council attended the meeting. The Archbishop of Canterbury occupied the chair. A very large gathering of interested friends filled St. James' hall on three sides. The society extolled an English welcome to the bishops from near and far. It was arranged that, instead of the usual speeches on such anniversary occasions, prepared papers should be read by a number of the visiting bishops. The Bishop of Calcutta dealt with "Ecumenical Organization in India." The Bishop of North China reviewed "The Work of seven years in China." Bishop Beckerstein discussed the marvelous "advancement of the people in Japan." The Bishops of Luhal and Cap-Town told of "the state of affairs in South Africa."

Conspicuous among the speakers of the day was the venerable Bishop of Fredericton, who told of "the work of the church in Canada." Among the words of his address are these: "For forty three years, as the guardian and leader of this work in New Brunswick, I have labored in it, and I am not weary of this labor. I would not exchange my poor doctrine for any in the world." Then came tidings of the work in America and the colonies by the Bishops of Missouri, Rupert's Land, Guinea and Guadeloupe, and so on, until all who had been chosen had contributed their quota to the day's proceedings.

The council has adjourned for a few days to allow the committees appointed to do the work assigned to them. On resuming after the interval, the reports from the committees will be presented and dealt with. Then a closing service will be held in St. Paul's, at which the Archbishop of York will preside. The next council, following the plan of the past record, will be held in years from this date.

## INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE.

A Committee of Senators Appointed to Report on Canadian-American Railways.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The resolution of Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, was adopted by the Senate to-day. It provides for the appointment of a committee of seven senators to report upon the relations of commerce and business existing between the United States and the British North American possessions, including the effect upon the commerce and carrying trade of the United States of the Canadian system of railways and canals, and the prospect of displacement of any existing industries of the United States by industries established there, also whether the obligations of existing treaties and of international law are and have been observed by such dependencies toward the people of the United States, and as to the number, amount and character of existing claims against Great Britain, by reason of the violation of such obligations toward the people of the United States in such dependencies.



## THE TERMS.

Conditions of the Agreement Between Local Government and Northern Pacific.

Read to the Portage This Year and to Brandon Next Year.

The Long-Contended-For Maximum Rate to Duluth Conceded.

Work to Go On in Name of Government Until Legislation Secured.

August 1. The terms of the agreement between the Northern Pacific and the Manitoba government were secured by the government to-day through the efforts of its premier and railway commissioners. The agreement provides that the same ground as was secured during the progress of negotiations in Winnipeg a couple of weeks ago. Although it was thought that the government had made a mistake in its previous offer and railway commissioners in New York to negotiate, the sequel proved that the government acted wisely. It is now learned that their main object was to fasten the thing upon the Northern Pacific board by getting that body to endorse the agreement arrived at. The features of the agreement are that the Northern Pacific agree to build this year a line from Portage to Brandon, and next year to build a line to Duluth. No objection is made as to branch line extension, the government taking the ground that in securing railway competition to the line they had redeemed all their obligations with regard to western connection, and were relieved of any moral responsibility. They also take the ground that the line should be built upon their merits, and that the time has passed when the government should enter into any scheme of building branch lines with provincial aid. It is understood, however, that the Northern Pacific will conceive it to be in their interest to construct branch lines in the province, except districts which are most likely to be built. The company is imbued with a spirit of competition, and will chase the C. P. R. to the life in its contention for the business.

THE RATE GUARANTEE SECURED. The government has secured a victory in regard to the rate guarantee, which was a bone of contention over which the negotiations were several times endangered. The agreement, as signed by the government, stipulates that the Northern Pacific shall not enter into any competing arrangement with the C. P. R. in the future. Greenway and Martin strenuously contended for, as they deemed it most important.

80,000 A MILE. It will be remembered that it was hinted some time ago that the Northern Pacific would make a maximum rate of 80,000 per mile in the guarantee act. This was a point on which some one had made a mistake. The government contended that they could go no farther than the rate of 20,000 per mile, but the Northern Pacific insisted on a maximum rate of 80,000 per mile. The government contended that they could go no farther than the rate of 20,000 per mile, but the Northern Pacific insisted on a maximum rate of 80,000 per mile. The government contended that they could go no farther than the rate of 20,000 per mile, but the Northern Pacific insisted on a maximum rate of 80,000 per mile.

THE AGREEMENT. It stipulates that the government will submit legislation to the legislature for the purpose of securing the provisions of the agreement as early as possible. This legislation is considered necessary because the aid is given to the guarantee act provides, and the Northern Pacific are obliged to have a company incorporated in order to carry on the work in the name of the government. They have a company to which the bonds of the government can be issued, hence another company is to be called for the 25th inst., and the agreement and pass the necessary legislation.

A MODUS VIVENDI. It might be thought by some that the government in commencing the work would be occasioned by the necessity of a modus vivendi. It has been provided, through which the work will be commenced and continued in the name of the Manitoba government, and the Northern Pacific are obliged to have a company incorporated in order to carry on the work in the name of the government. They have a company to which the bonds of the government can be issued, hence another company is to be called for the 25th inst., and the agreement and pass the necessary legislation.

COMING TO WINNIPEG. Mr. Kendrick, the chief engineer of the Northern Pacific, and his staff, will leave Winnipeg almost immediately to commence operations. Mr. McNair, the company's solicitor, also goes, and Manitoba will look out for vigorous operations.

RED RIVER VALLEY. The agreement provides that the Manitoba government shall complete the Red River Valley road up to the Assiniboine river. The Northern Pacific then takes over it, builds a massive swing bridge across the stream, ballasts and equips the station, and provides terminal facilities in Winnipeg. The station grounds have not yet been selected, but Mr. McNair and Mr. Kendrick will settle that question in a day or two after arrival in Winnipeg. The same aid of \$6,000 per mile will apply on the Red River Valley.

the railway company contending that it will take it all to ballast, equip and build stations and bridges in connection with the road. The Manitoba government secures a first mortgage upon the road for all expenditure that has been made on it. This will be ample security for the government. By reason of the liberal aid given by the Manitoba government, the latter will have power to control the rates in the province on the line aided. These, as far as can be learned, are the conditions of the agreement.

CONFIRMED. The above particulars, as given by our St. Paul correspondent, were confirmed to-day by members of the government, so that they can be relied upon as pretty accurate. It was learned through the government that special expert lawyers were retained in New York on behalf of the province to assist Hon. Mr. Martin in supervising the agreement and making it as air-tight on behalf of the province as possible. It was also learned that the government had bought the rails to iron the road between here and the Portage. These will be taken over by the Northern Pacific, as will also any other material the government may have on hand. It was also learned that negotiations, which were opened by the Northern Pacific in Ottawa to purchase the franchise and charter of the Great Northwest Central, had been abruptly broken off by the discovery of a clause in the charter that the C. P. R. has running powers over the road. This rendered it practically useless for any outside company. It might be mentioned that it was to assist the Northern Pacific in the purchase of this road that Colonel Soible went to Ottawa some time ago. The discovery of the clause was the cause of his abrupt departure from the capital. It was further learned that the Northern Pacific had made arrangements by which independent connection with Eastern Canada can be secured over the Grand Trunk, Wisconsin Central and Northern Pacific systems. This will give the Grand Trunk an entrance into the province. It was learned that in a brief time the Northern Pacific will be running a daily express train into Winnipeg, on excellent time, and with sleeping and dining car service.

INTERVIEW WITH MR. GREENWAY. "Well Mr. Greenway," said a reporter to the Premier, whom he found at the Grand Union, "Do you feel that your trip has resulted satisfactorily?"

"I do indeed; I am perfectly satisfied with what we have accomplished, and I think you will find, when the details are known, that the province will have cause to be satisfied, too."

"Can you give me any details about the agreement?"

He touched his nose with the index finger of his left hand and remarked something about "my colleagues first."

Jim Gillespie, who was near, laughed out loud, and winking at the reporter said something about the long messages that have been pouring in "my colleagues" of late about the nature of the negotiations.

"Well, Mr. Greenway, if you cannot talk about the railway, you probably have no objections to discuss New York."

"None whatever; I have come back with a great respect for the modesty of Winnipeg reporters. I used to think they were enterprising here, but they cannot touch the stories of Gotham. One chap found there slept with a woman, and another found, but found it impossible, owing to the continual rapping at my door by the bell boys with reporters' cards. I sent down word that I was asleep and would see no one. By and by a chap came up and yelled through the door that he must see me; he had something of dreadful importance, there had been an outbreak up Skeena river, and he must see some one from that spot. He hammered away at the door until I resolved to let him in. I was just preparing to get up when the reporter broke in. At first I thought it was a burglar in disguise, but when I got my eye on him I saw he was mild and harmless and I came to the conclusion I could handle him anyway."

Well, he talked for an hour or so about all sorts of topics and then he left me. Next morning his paper was a study. He had interviewed me about Skeena, just the same as if I had been the man who shot Kit-kan-cool; he jumbled up the railway business, called Manitoba the capital of Winnipeg, and in general mixed the thing up. He described me as a man above the average."

At this juncture Jim Gillespie laughed outright, and said he guessed he had judged his length by the size of his head. He also remarked that there would have been some dandy old giants here after the election, if that reporter had measured their height by the size of their heads.

Mr. Greenway said he looked for active times here now, and that he would be spent freely, and general activity would result.

LATE STORM IN IOWA. A Great Deal of Damage Done.

Mr. J. E. Steen has received the following particulars concerning the recent storm in Iowa:

MORRISON, Gaudy county, July 24.—Since writing the other day the aspect of this country is entirely changed. We have had one of the worst storms ever seen in the country for violence and extent. There are many farms in Iowa where the very grass is cleaned out, and the pastures are as bare as the middle of the high seas.

I think the crop around here, which was a promising one, has suffered to the extent of at least 50 per cent, and many barns, fences, etc., are blown down, and in some instances cattle have been killed. One man had 24 head killed by hail, which fell as large as hen's eggs. Windows were broken without number and chimneys blown down.

We escaped pretty well from damage in the town, but all along Salt creek south of Tracer everything is swept away. You cannot comprehend the damage unless you see it.

A railway from Jerusalem to Joppa is being projected. A wealthy Austrian banker living in Jerusalem is heading the movement, and has gone to Constantinople to secure the consent of the Sultan. The petition is said to be signed by all the Christian patriarchs residing at Jerusalem, as also by the Mufti, the Senior Rabbi, and by all the foreign consuls.

## LONDON IN SUMMER.

Grace Greenwood Describes the Great Metropolis in Mid-Summer.

Rank and Fashion in the Summer Days—Warm-Weather Sights and Amusements.

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American correspondents in London this summer have dwelt with mournful emphasis on the dull fourteen days of social eclipse following the demise of Emperor Frederick. The Queen's edict, though smacking of absolutism, has, it seems, been generally obeyed. Most men and some women are inclined to respect such grief for the loss of a son-in-law. Then the late emperor was much liked and honestly respected by English people of all classes. A liberal-minded prince, without lax or visionary ideas, a soldier, without Jingoes, he was every inch a man, to whom the title of king or emperor could not add another inch. Why should they not mourn for that vanished life of magnificent possibilities, and for the silent tragedy, the unspeakable pathos of its ending? Except that it shed abroad at the last an inspiring light of Christian heroism and patience, it would be all loss, there would be no legacy of consolation left.

The mourning of English royalty is doubtless politically sincere, but (the Queen excepted) scarcely profound in a human and homely way. The fact that while the end was imminent, the Prince and Princess of Wales went as usual in state to Ascot, and were called away from that scene of gaiety and gambling by the news of the last mortal change, is significant. Catholic princes would have been at that solemn time on their knees, in chapel or oratory, praying for the restoration or eternal salvation of their great kinsman.

It seems to me that no one who saw Cuser Fritz as we saw him last, riding with his royal brothers-in-law in the great jubilee procession, can begrudge his august shade a last escape, nor heartily regret a few days' exemption. In that incomparable body-guard of the queen (then he was the noblest, the grandest figure; too dignified and self-possessed, perhaps, to be pathetic, even to such as knew the man was doomed), the skeleton hand was already clutching his throat.

I have been touched by hearing how plain the fashionable London ladies laid aside their many colors for sombre black velvet and silk; how they have gone about mournfully trailing clouds of black lace and carrying weight of jangling jet. But Providence grants them consolation in their woe—stars that night of loyal sorrow. Never, we read, were diamonds seen to such advantage and in such profusion in Covent Garden opera house as during the life time of our mourning. The mourned London season is dragging its slow length along under this malapropos dispensation, and, presently, if not sooner, that town of towas will be quite deserted by rank and fashion. But will everything end? Will London be empty? Not to any alarming extent. Mould will not encrust the stones of Hampton Palace, nor settle on the altars of St. George's. "Green pastures" will not come to Piccadilly. There is life enough left in London in August to stock the world,—heroic, sinful, happy, wretched, toiling, struggling, roaring, reveling human life. Americans on their first visit unfortunately belated, need not quite despair of amusement. Certain theatres and the music halls are always open. Amusement is easily obtained to the Tower, the Royal Mews and Newgate Prison. Then there is "Madame Tussauds," with an ever-fresh supply, foreign and domestic, of new and ghastly figures in the Chamber of Horrors. If scientifically inclined, there is the great British museum, where one can walk upon tanks and stare young, self-blind inspecting curiosities—stuffed birds and beasts, and picked reptiles by the thousand, mammoth skeletons and stolen Elgin marbles. Then there is the glorious Kensington museum and the National gallery—worlds of art and beauty for you to explore, oh, my fortunate, belated countrymen and women!

Hyde park will still welcome you with a rush of gossamer and blue sky, and if you are a knowing friend along to post you, you will not miss the gorgeous ducal uniforms and the blue-blended aristocrats from the Drive or Row—the antiquated high-bug houches, usually yellow, conveying, with much pomp and circumstance of postillions and powdered footmen, antiquated dowagers, also usually yellow, and tall equestrians, hobnobbing up and down in the Row, the late, plump Amazons packed into what look like boiler cases, very short and tight. But you will see other fair equestrians, as rich, though not as rare, bobbing just as uncomfortably in just as tight and short boiler cases, with just as bob-tailed thoroughbreds, and with just as rotund and rubicund papas, just as rigid and solemn grooms.

What our friends will miss in the park will be the meets of the coaching clubs by the Septentime, and the morning parades by the professional beauties in the walk beside the Row. Some eight or nine summers ago people used to flock to see the beautiful Mrs. Langtry strolling up and down that promenade, looking very sweet and modest, apparently unconscious that she was running the gamut of curious and critical, though mostly admiring, observation. During a certain hour daily she was thus out for inspection. More gracious than royalty, she seldom disappointed the people. Many whom I knew went frequently to see her and seemed to find no impropriety in this generous public display of the lady's glowing, flower-like loveliness; an exhibition which, however, must have become very monotonous now, not at all good fun, to the benevolent beauty herself, before the season was over. Those good English people saw nothing to object to in the freely manifested admiration of a certain royal personage for the sweet Jersey Lily, for had not the fair and virtuous Princess been seen to bow to her quite graciously? But when, a few years later, the actress came home after her American triumphs, and was seen riding in the Row with Albert Edward on her right and young Albert Victor on her left, the same good English people shook their heads in sorrowful

disapproval. Yet it was the same Lily, a little more expanded, its delicate petals a little scorched by the footlights. Mrs. Langtry is no longer the rage in Vanity Fair, but to my mind she took a step upward from Rotten Row to the stage, from idle to laborious display. She is wise in her generation.

There has not been since the Merry Monarch an English prince whose favor could compare in money value with the money value with the patronage of an intelligent, free independent American public, with a prince to set the fashion.

A midsummer Sunday in London is trying to Americans after the continent. The whole mighty metropolis to the unregenerate, non-church-going tourist "hath but an aspect drear." But let him be patient. At nightfall, those "halls of dazzling light," the gin palaces, are opened, and "past the town," not "red" alone, but many a clote. There are miles on miles of this gorgeous, ghastly illumination. Open on Sunday are Hampton Court, galleries and grounds, rich in association with English history, and the Zoological gardens, richer in natural history. If ever bonnage was made easy and "captivity" less captive, it is here in this paradise of birds and beasts, this lovely lions' court, this luxurious reptilian recess. Here you see saurians in their beloved mud, seals on their rocks, beavers keeping house comfortably, nominating conventions of monkeys, dromas societies and Browning clubs of parrots, and more snakes than were ever dreamed of out of an inebriate asylum. No one could in the dog-days of London fear to be without the appliances of civilization and the consolations of religion. Dressmakers, druggists, doctors—both of medicine and divinity—dentists and undertakers, are there still ready to execute their orders with cheerful alacrity. Visitors can take the coaching excursions to various interesting places. The choice is a little embarrassing, but it is worth the promise well. With a contented spirit and a little philosophy one can be jolly going almost anywhere over there, in fine weather, if one has a pleasant party and a drag—some folks haven't.

I know but two English sea-side resorts—Brighton and Margate—both very popular, and both of a different character. We once spent two weeks in Brighton—very comfortably, but very stupidly. We had no friends with us, and as for a chance acquaintance with anyone on the piers or esplanade, it was not to be thought of. Crowds were there of the stiffest, staidest, most unsympathetic people imaginable. They move on forever in Brighton,—on their feet, and generally, serviceable, or in Bata chairs. Sometimes we meet whole families—father, mother, brave sons, fair daughters, promenading as silent and joyless as a Blumber boarding school. Sometimes they pause near us, very near, but seemed infinitely far away, as they fixed on us a true British stare. Blank, yet stern, which seemed to say, "I don't see you, you know, and I don't like your look. Ah, Max O'Rell, bravest, wildest, and most charming of satirists, how well you understand and paint this sort of people!"

Brighton is a proper place than it was in the time of the naughty Prince Regent, but not so jolly as when under his rollicking regime. The only rollickers here now are the waves. It was generally too rough for comfortable bathing, and too windy for those who went out for a sail, brave and foolish, usually came back silent and subdued, having "suffered a sea change into something loath and strange."

When, last summer, we wanted a little sea air, and society friends advised us not to go to Margate, because it was so noisy a place, as affected by common people bent on having a good time, we said, "Why, it's just the place for us!" It was not that we particularly wanted to amuse ourselves, but we wanted to see a few English holiday-takers really jolly. So we went to Margate. We did not stop in the lower town, however, where the cockneys "most do congregate," and where are the jolliest of all, but went to the airier, cleaner, and, I must confess, more aristocratic upper town. It was from the bluff—the Fort—that we watched those dreadful "common people" enjoying themselves, with their wives and children or sweethearts. They were noisy, rough, often vulgar in manner and dress. They filled the air with laughter, music hall songs, and the popping of puffed beer corks; they stretched the head with melon rinds and that supercilious letter H, but at a distance I enjoyed their frolics, rough but real—almost their horse laughs and horse play. "I liked to see them 'let go.'"

Perhaps it was because our quarters were rather narrow, though neat and pleasant, but certain it is our household in Eberhart Gardens on the hill, was singularly harmonious and friendly. No where in an English hotel or pension had we ever found so refined, intelligent, and agreeable a set of people as those we met under the modest roof of Temple House, nor ever a hostess so courteous and considerate as dear Mrs. Baldwin. Good luck to the good lady always!

Here we spent four weeks delightfully, almost every breath being a delight, the fragrance of the ozone which abounds on the cliffs being more grateful to us than "all the perfumes of Arabia." Here also was much promenading, but people walked like animated creatures, not like automata, and they did not snuff an American star off and snort. "Alas! they were liberal, social beings—cosmopolitan—very human. Perhaps it was the ozone."

GRAVE GREENWOOD. Immigration to Manitoba.

When in Toronto last Monday, Mr. Greenway, the Manitoba premier, discussed immigration matters fully with Mr. A. J. McMillan, the emigration commissioner for Manitoba. Mr. Greenway expressed his intention of prosecuting a vigorous immigration policy, and authorized Mr. McMillan to complete arrangements for an exhibit of the products of Manitoba at the exhibitions shortly to be held in Toronto, Ottawa, Kingston and London.

Up Salt Creek.

The last issue of Grip contains a cartoon representing John Norquay holding a telescope. Sir John holding a lantern, making enquiries of a small boy named Greenway. They are all standing by the banks of a stream labelled "Salt river." Sir John asks, "Bub, have you seen anything of a Conservative party round here?" Greenway replies, "Yes; I see 'em go up the creek a few days ago."

## GOOD HARVEST PROSPECTS.

A Few Samples—Probability of a Scarcity of Hay.

Winnipeg's local market is not very extensive, owing, in a large measure, to the want of settlers on the vacant lands. The remedy applied this summer, however, has been a good cure, and in another year or two the business transacted on the city hall square will probably more than double. As it is a large number of farmers visit the market daily to dispose of their produce, stock, etc., A. H. Palmer, a fairly well-to-do farmer residing at Cook's Creek, was on the market yesterday. He took in with him from off his farm a sample of oats. On May 2 he sowed a ten-acre field, and the sample mentioned, which is no more than indicative of the rest of the crop, stands five feet high, is well developed, with a plump head. Mr. Palmer expects the entire field to be ripe within ten days. He also brought to the city a sample of barley sown on May 18, which stands about five feet high. A three-acre field will be ready to cut on Friday next. Mr. H. J. Marshall, market superintendent, has the samples in his possession. A St. C. representative, speaking to several of the farmers coming on the market, learned from all, without exception, that the prospects for a large harvest this year were unequalled in the history of the country. From ten to fifteen per cent more land is under cultivation, and with proportionate returns they assert that the wheat crop will reach about 20,000,000 bushels.

THE HAY CROP. This season is exceedingly light. Ten farmers from Springfield went to Fair St. Paul a day or two ago to cut their winter's supply. Many farmers from the Springfield district have also gone to the Lake Winnipeg hay fields, about 15 miles north of Selkirk. An unlimited supply grows in this section of the province, but distance and lateness of the season will prevent large quantities being cut. Now brought on the market is selling at from \$8 to \$9 per ton. This is the same price as that paid for last season's hay. Farmers coming on the market are complaining daily about the great scarcity of farm help, male and female. Mr. Marshall says he could easily find work for twenty-five or thirty men at the present time.

THE LATE MR. JOHN OGILVIE. Death of a Member of the Famous Milling Firm.

(Montreal Witness, July 23.)

This morning at 6 o'clock Mr. John Ogilvie was found dead in his bed at his residence, 127 Drummond street. On Friday the deceased was at his office, and on Saturday and yesterday he was in his usual health. He retired last night at his customary hour, and slept well during the night. He awakened at 5 o'clock this morning, and spoke to Mrs. Ogilvie, saying that he had had a refreshing night's sleep, not having been awake before. He fell asleep again, and at 6 o'clock when Mrs. Ogilvie looked at her husband he appeared to be asleep. She put her hand on his forehead. It was cold, and he did not show any signs of waking. The son was called in and found that his father was dead.

The deceased was 53 years of age, and was a native of this district. He was educated at the Montreal high school, and at the completion of his course he joined his brothers, Alexander and William, in the milling business, becoming a partner in the well-known firm of A. W. Ogilvie & Co. Only W. W. Ogilvie remains in the firm now, Senator Ogilvie having retired about fifteen years ago.

When Mr. Ogilvie entered the business the firm's only mill was the "Glenora," which stood on part of the lot now occupied by the "Royal" mill on the canal bank here. Their business kept growing, and during the following years the Frederick and Seaton mills, besides one in Winnipeg, have been added to the Glenora and Royal of this city. A number of elevators have also been constructed along the railway lines.

The deceased had charge of the work of construction, and during the past few years he has spent almost half his time superintending the building in Ontario and the Northwest. Last autumn his physicians advised him to go to the south, and he passed the winter in New Mexico and California, returning home about June 1, by way of British Columbia. Since then he has been as well as he was during the past winter.

The deceased leaves a widow and seven children, four sons and three daughters. The eldest son, Alexander, has been associated with his father in the business for some time.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from his late residence to Mount Royal cemetery.

Peace River Country.

Mr. H. F. Davis, a fur dealer, arrived from the headwaters of the Peace River Monday. He has resided in that country for the past 25 years, and considers that the reports regarding the fertility of the country—speaking of that portion that he has seen—are false. There is no farming land, and although there have been numerous accounts about a large valley, he says he has failed to find it. The country is only good for fur hunting and the Indians are suffering at the present time on account of the scarcity of game. The river opened this year on May 31st. Two miners on the river are taking out small wages. Mr. Davis wishes any person intending to take up land to visit the river before bringing in his family. The trees are useless for lumbering purposes and cattle must be fed during seven months of the year. Mr. Elmore is on the McKenzie river, about 400 miles from Mr. Davis' place. The ground was frozen on June 1st and frost killed everything last year on September 1st. There will be found small stretches of land along the river bank with about an acre cleared on which the Indians plant potatoes and other vegetables. There are no whites in the country excepting two young men named Brick, sons of a missionary, who is at present in the east raising money to develop the country.—Victoria Times.

The Reginas played a match game with Qu'Appelle club on the 21st inst, but got left by 4 runs.



PERSONAL MENTION.

—Mr. Alf. Hitchcock, of W. H. Hall & Co., Sault Ste. Marie, is in the city this week.

—Acc. Edmunds will arrive in Brandon on Saturday with three carloads of horses from Drayton, Wellington Co., Ont.

—Mr. C. Forrest, of the Imperial bank returned from the Coast last Saturday.

—Mrs. Green, wife of roadmaster Green, returned from Ontario on Sunday.

—Mr. Thos. Lockhart left on Thursday last to visit the eastern provinces.

—The Chief of Police went to see the Winnipeg races Tuesday.

PROVINCIAL.

Oak Lake wants a new Baptist church.

The Government has promised a grant to an agricultural society in Rapid City and steps are being taken to organize one at once so as to have an exhibition there this fall.

Councilor Carswell, of 18-13-10, had his stable burned a short time ago, and a Mr. McKee living in the same neighborhood also had his outbuildings burned, both fires being caused by smudges.

A boy named John Cory, at Gladstone, this week saw a little girl disappear in a deep hole in the river there, gallantly jumped in and rescued her. She was insensible when he got her ashore.

The Minister of Customs has sent instructions to Winnipeg ordering a searching enquiry into the conduct of W. P. Leslie, for West Lynne and Gretna, who has skipped, leaving a deficiency of \$1,300 in his accounts. The surties of Leslie are to be asked to reimburse the department.

County Attorney S. A. McIntyre and Deputy United States Marshall Crawford, of Helena, have gone to Lethbridge with documents for the extradition of the murderer, Max Hople, who killed Gus Adams near Fort Carroll. Crawford, who is also under-sheriff of Canada had him arrested and held for the coming, pending action for his extradition. The witnesses will accompany the officers to Lethbridge.

From Melita comes reports that the wind on Sunday night played the mischief in the barn yards of Messrs. Archibald and Preston. It is said to have destroyed a buggy all except the wheels, and smashed a wagon box, and blown down a corral, and generally made confusion. No lives were lost. At present we hardly know whether this is a hoax or a true bill, and readers can take it for the present cum gra no salis.

The militia board met at Ottawa yesterday to investigate the claims of Private Hurrell, of the 90th battalion, for a pension on account of illness, arising from exposure during the late Northwest rebellion. Hurrell has been laid up in the hospital nine months, suffering from inflammatory rheumatism. His application, it is stated, is favorably regarded by the medical board. The report of the board is said to be favorable to the applicant.

Napinka, July 27.—The hail storm that visited township three has done considerable damage. Reeve Somerville has lost all his crop except what he has in township four. The hail so far, both this and other years, seems to follow in the same course from the heavy timber of the Antlers to Turtle Mountain. The wheat crop never looked better in this settlement than now and promises a magnificent yield.—A. J. Wright lost a fine young stallion a few days ago.

Count Esterhazy, who has been in Ottawa some two weeks, transacting business with the government respecting the settlement of Hungarians in the Northwest, left this evening for Winnipeg, from whence he will proceed to Esterhazy, Ass., and Regina, and on his return will visit Hun's Valley, Man., in the same cause, of transplanting his fellow countrymen from the Fatherland to the fertile prairies of our Canadian home. A number of immigrants are at present in Winnipeg awaiting the arrival of the count to place them in their new home.

The storm of last Sunday has done considerable damage to crops and buildings south-west of Moosemin. A crop of 600 acres of wheat was entirely swept to the ground, and another crop of 70 acres looks as if a number of rollers had been engaged for some time rolling the fields. The roofs of several buildings were completely blown off, and wagons, were ten, were blown along the ground from ten to twenty yards. "Bu iding trees" is now the order of the day in that almost desolated quarter. Little damage is reported in the immediate vicinity of Moosemin.

A very sad case of sudden death comes from Hartney. Last week Mr. Tom Briggs a much respected young farmer in that section was married to Miss Threlkeld, and on Monday morning after not more than an hour's illness, the bride of a few days was dead. The doctor from Plum Creek was summoned in great haste, but the unfortunate young woman was dead before he arrived. Heart disease is said to have been the cause. The husband has the sympathy of the whole community in his affliction.

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Distribution of the Municipal Aid.

The Government's \$50,000 municipal aid is being distributed as follows in the west:

Arthur	500.00
Brenda	421.30
Cambridge	1,015.00
N. Express	1,212.00
S. "	600.00
Daly	750.00
Dulorne	727.50
Ellon	1,088.50
Glenwood	805.00
Madison	951.00
N. Norfolk	628.00
S. "	957.00
Oakland	943.20
Oak River	713.50
Riverside	1,226.00
Sifton	720.00
Whitehead	1,469.65
Whitewater	1,379.20
Woodworth	1,176.36

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The Wheat Question.

Montreal Trade Bulletin: Notwithstanding the fact that the United States and Canada have shipped considerably less wheat to England of late, the report of that cereal into the United Kingdom for the past six months, ending June 30th, were about 7,000,000 bushels more than for the corresponding period in 1887, proving conclusively that England is constantly receiving such large quantities from all parts of the globe that she is perfectly independent of any one country for her supplies of breadstuffs and also that requires to keep less stocks on hand, now that she has so many sources to draw upon. It is becoming pretty evident of late, however, that the stock of wheat held in the United Kingdom has become sufficiently reduced to cause a better enquiry, and a considerable quantity has been purchased in New York and Chicago for English account. At the beginning of the present week a despatch from New York stated that a number of orders were received from France, but freight room being scarce it was difficult to fill them. The sudden advance of two cents in the price of No. 2 spring wheat in Chicago on Wednesday caused a flutter of excitement in grain circles here, as it was looked upon as precursor of a still further rise. The English market has advanced 4d to 6d per quarter during the week, and enquiries have been received for No. 2 hard Manitoba and No. 1 Northern, but we learn of no business yet.

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that dread terror, a disease so long baffling the most skilled physicians, who know of nothing to arrest, nothing to alleviate, nothing to cure. Now it is no longer a deadly malady even when given up by incurable medical men, as it can yet be cured in OUR REMEDY, it heals and soothes the inflamed lungs, restores the impaired and prostrated system of this fell disease, and prevents the night sweats and tightness across the chest which accompany it. Price 4c.

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PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND is a Nervine Tonic which never fails. Containing Celery and Cocoa these wonderful stimulants, it speedily cures all nervous disorders.

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PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND purifies the blood. It drives out the Lactic Acid, which causes Rheumatism, and restores the blood-making organs to a healthy condition. The remedy for Rheumatism.

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PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND quickly restores the liver and kidneys to perfect health, this curative power combined with its nerve tonic, makes it the best remedy for all kidney complaints.

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PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND strengthens the stomach, and quiet the nerves of the digestive organs. This is why it cures even the most acute cases of Dyspepsia.

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**THE ROSE**

**WOMEN**

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